

Encana Corporation

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the period ended December 31, 2015

(U.S. Dollars)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings (unaudited)

			nths Ended nber 31,	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)		2015	2014	2015	2014			
Revenues, Net of Royalties	(Note 3)	\$ 1,031	\$ 2,254	\$ 4,422	\$ 8,019			
Expenses	(Note 3)							
Production, mineral and other taxes		31	61	144	210			
Transportation and processing		298	354	1,252	1,496			
Operating		171	155	723	667			
Purchased product		63	347	323	1,191			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		276	451	1,488	1,745			
Impairments	(Note 9)	805	-	6,473	-			
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 12)	11	13	45	52			
Administrative	(Note 17)	58	58	275	327			
Interest	(Note 6)	106	252	614	654			
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(Note 7)	164	149	1,082	403			
(Gain) loss on divestitures	(Notes 5, 15)	-	16	(14)	(3,426)			
Other	(Notes 4, 10)	25	63	27	71			
		2,008	1,919	12,432	3,390			
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax		(977)	335	(8,010)	4,629			
Income tax expense (recovery)	(Note 8)	(365)	137	(2,845)	1,203			
Net Earnings (Loss)		(612)	198	(5,165)	3,426			
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest	(Note 15)	-	-	-	(34)			
Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Common Shareholders		\$ (612)	\$ 198	\$ (5,165)	\$ 3,392			
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share								
Basic & Diluted	(Note 13)	\$ (0.72)	\$ 0.27	\$ (6.28)	\$ 4.58			

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

		Three Mon		Twelve Months Ended				
		Decem	,	Decem	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
(\$ millions)		2015	2014	2015	2014			
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$	(612)	\$ 198	\$ (5,165)	\$ 3,426			
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax								
Foreign currency translation adjustment (Note 14)	68	58	668	22			
Pension and other post-employment benefit plans (Notes 14, 19)	31	(17)	33	(17)			
Other Comprehensive Income		99	41	701	5			
Comprehensive Income (Loss)		(513)	239	(4,464)	3,431			
Comprehensive Income Attributable								
to Noncontrolling Interest (Note 15)	-	-	-	(34)			
Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$	(513)	\$ 239	\$ (4,464)	\$ 3,397			

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited)

		As at	1	As at
		December 31,		December 31,
(\$ millions)	_	2015		2014
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	271	\$	338
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues		645		1,307
Risk management (Notes 20, 2	21)	367		707
Income tax receivable		324		509
		1,607		2,861
Property, Plant and Equipment, at cost: (Note	9)			
Natural gas and oil properties, based on full cost accounting				
Proved properties		40,647		42,615
Unproved properties		5,616		6,133
Other		2,181		2,711
Property, plant and equipment		48,444		51,459
Less: Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(38,587)		(33,444)
Property, plant and equipment, net (Note	3)	9,857		18,015
Cash in Reserve		2		73
Other Assets		296		394
Risk Management (Notes 20, 2	21)	11		65
Deferred Income Taxes (Note		1,081		206
Goodwill (Notes 3, 4, 5,	<i>'</i>	2,790		2,917
	3) \$	15,644	\$	24,531
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,311	\$	2,243
Income tax payable	Ψ	1,311	Ψ	15
·	24)	16		20
Risk management (Notes 20, 2	. 1)	1,333		2,278
Long Torm Dobt	10)			·
Long-Term Debt (Note Other Liabilities and Provisions (Note	1	5,363		7,340
•	1	1,975 9		2,484 7
Risk Management (Notes 20, 2				870
Asset Retirement Obligation (Note	1	773		
Deferred Income Taxes (Note	2)	9,477		1,867 14,846
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 2	22)	3,411		14,040
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital - authorized unlimited common shares, without par value				
2015 issued and outstanding: 849.8 million shares (2014: 741.2 million shares) (Note	13)	3,621		2,450
Paid in surplus (Note	1	1,358		1,358
	-,	(202)		5,188
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)		(-32)	1	0,100
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit) Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note	(4)	1,390		689
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit) Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note Total Shareholders' Equity	14)	1,390 6,167		9,685

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

					Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other		Total
			Share	Paid in	(Accumulated			Shareholders'
Twelve Months Ended December 3	1, 2015 (\$ mill	ions)	Capital	Surplus	Deficit)	Income		Equity
				·	,			
Balance, December 31, 2014		\$	2,450	\$ 1,358	\$ 5,188	\$ 689	\$ -	\$ 9,685
Net Earnings (Loss)			-	-	(5,165)	-	-	(5,165)
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 13)		-	-	(225)	-	-	(225)
Common Shares Issued	(Note 13)		1,098	-	-	-	-	1,098
Common Shares Issued Under								
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(Note 13)		73	-	-	-	-	73
Other Comprehensive Income	(Note 14)		-	-	-	701	-	701
Balance, December 31, 2015		\$	3,621	\$ 1,358	\$ (202)	\$ 1,390	\$ -	\$ 6,167

						Accumulated		
						Other	Non-	Total
			Share	Paid in	Retained	Comprehensive	Controlling	Shareholders'
Twelve Months Ended December 3	31, 2014 (\$ millio	ns)	Capital	Surplus	Earnings	Income	Interest	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013		\$	2,445 \$	15 \$	2,003 \$	684	\$ -	\$ 5,147
Share-Based Compensation	(Note 18)		-	(2)	-	-	-	(2)
Net Earnings			-	-	3,392	-	34	3,426
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 13)		-	-	(207)	-	-	(207)
Common Shares Issued Under								
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(Note 13)		5	-	-	-	-	5
Other Comprehensive Income	(Note 14)		-	-	-	5	-	5
Sale of Noncontrolling Interest	(Note 15)		-	1,345	-	-	117	1,462
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interest Owners	(Note 15)		-	-	_	-	(18)	(18)
Sale of Investment in PrairieSky	(Note 15)		-	-	-	-	(133)	(133)
Balance, December 31, 2014		\$	2,450 \$	1,358 \$	5,188 \$	689	\$ -	\$ 9,685

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

			Three Mor			Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
(\$ millions)		_	2015	2014		2015	DCI	2014
Operating Activities								
Net earnings (loss)		\$	(612)	\$ 198	\$	(5,165)	\$	3,426
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		•	276	451	•	1,488	Ψ	1,745
Impairments	(Note 9)		805	-		6,473		- 1,7 10
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 12)		11	13		45		52
Deferred income taxes	(Note 8)		(369)	135		(2,811)		960
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management	(Note 21)		90	(489)		331		(444)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(Note 7)		132	174		687		440
Foreign exchange on settlements	(Note 7)		21			358		28
(Gain) loss on divestitures	(Notes 5, 15)			16		(14)		(3,426)
Other	(140103 0, 10)		29	(81)		38		(62)
Net change in other assets and liabilities			7	(15)		(11)		(43)
Net change in on-cash working capital			58	(141)		262		(9)
Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities			448	261		1,681		2,667
Investing Activities				201		1,001		2,001
Capital expenditures	(Note 3)		(280)	(857)		(2,232)		(2,526)
Acquisitions	(Note 5)		(32)	(41)		(70)		(3,016)
Corporate acquisition	(Note 4)		-	(5,962)		-		(5,962)
Proceeds from divestitures	(Note 5)		793	(9)		1,908		4,345
Proceeds from sale of investment in PrairieSky	(Notes 5, 15)		-	(0)				2,172
Cash in reserve	(110100 0, 10)		(1)	38		71		(63)
Net change in investments and other			(188)	232		(342)		321
Cash From (Used in) Investing Activities			292	(6,599)		(665)		(4,729)
Financing Activities				(0,000)		(000)		(1,720)
Net issuance (repayment) of revolving long-term debt	(Notes 4, 10)		(764)	942		(627)		942
Repayment of long-term debt	(Note 10)		-	(1,150)		(1,302)		(2,152)
Issuance of common shares	(Note 13)			(1,100)		1,088		(2,102)
Dividends on common shares	(Note 13)		(39)	(50)		(152)		(202)
Proceeds from sale of noncontrolling interest	(Note 15)		-	(1)		(.02)		1,462
Distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	(Note 15)			-		_		(18)
Capital lease payments and other financing arrangements	(Note 11)		(13)	(11)		(61)		(71)
Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities	(14010-11)		(816)	(270)		(1,054)		(39)
Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Cash and Cash			(010)	(210)		(1,004)		(00)
Equivalents Held in Foreign Currency			(5)	(28)		(29)		(127)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			(81)	(6,636)		(67)		(2,228)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period			352	6,974		338		2,566
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period		\$	271	•	\$	271	\$	338
		_		- 550			7	555
Cash, End of Period		\$	58	\$ 142	\$	58	\$	142
Cash Equivalents, End of Period			213	196		213		196
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period		\$	271		\$	271	\$	338

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

1. Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Encana Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Encana" or "the Company") are in the business of the exploration for, the development of, and the production and marketing of natural gas, oil and natural gas liquids ("NGLs"). The term liquids is used to represent Encana's oil, NGLs and condensate.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Encana and are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP").

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Encana and entities in which it holds a controlling interest. The noncontrolling interest represented the third party equity ownership in a former consolidated subsidiary, PrairieSky Royalty Ltd. ("PrairieSky"), as presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity. See Note 15 for further details regarding the noncontrolling interest. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Undivided interests in natural gas and oil exploration and production joint ventures and partnerships are consolidated on a proportionate basis. Investments in non-controlled entities over which Encana has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except as noted below in Note 2. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements. Certain information and disclosures normally required to be included in the notes to the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements have been condensed or have been disclosed on an annual basis only. Accordingly, the interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2014.

These unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect, in the opinion of Management, all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of the Company as at and for the periods presented.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Changes in Accounting Policies and Practices

On January 1, 2015, Encana adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-08, "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" as issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The update amends the criteria and expands the disclosures for reporting discontinued operations. Under the new criteria, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations would qualify as a discontinued operation. The amendments have been applied prospectively and have not had a material impact on the Company's interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

On December 31, 2015, Encana early adopted ASU 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes" which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be classified as non-current on the balance sheet. Previously, deferred income tax assets and liabilities were classified as current and non-current on the balance sheet. The amendments have been applied retrospectively and had no impact on the Company's results of operations or cash flows. The impacts on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2015	Sep	otember 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	M	larch 31, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014
Prior to Adoption of ASU 2015-17:		2013		2013	2013		2015		2014
Deferred Income Taxes									
Current Assets	\$	22	\$	34	\$ 112	\$	101	\$	-
Non-current Assets		1,060		767	377		349		296
Current Liabilities		1		45	35		91		128
Non-current Liabilities		24		20	259		1,070		1,829
Adoption of ASU 2015-17:									
Deferred Income Taxes									
Non-current Assets	\$	1,081	\$	756	\$ 411	\$	380	\$	206
Non-current Liabilities		24		20	216		1,091		1,867

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

New Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted

As of January 1, 2016, Encana will be required to adopt the following pronouncements issued by the FASB:

- ASU 2014-12, "Compensation Stock Compensation: Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period". The update requires that a performance target that affects vesting and could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. The amendments will be applied prospectively and are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.
- ASU 2015-02, "Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis". The update requires limited partnerships and similar entities to be evaluated under the variable interest and voting interest models, eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership, and simplify the identification of variable interests and related effect on the primary beneficiary criterion when fees are paid to a decision maker. The amendments can be applied using either a full retrospective approach or a modified retrospective approach at the date of adoption. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.
- ASU 2015-03, "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs". The update requires debt issuance costs to be presented on the balance sheet as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related liability. Currently, debt issuance costs are presented as a deferred charge within assets. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, "Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements". The update further clarifies that regardless of whether there are outstanding borrowings, debt issuance costs arising from credit arrangements can be presented as an asset and subsequently amortized ratably over the term of the arrangement. These amendments will be applied retrospectively. As at December 31, 2015, \$30 million of debt issuance costs were presented in Other Assets on the Company's interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (2014 \$39 million).

As of January 1, 2018, Encana will be required to adopt ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" under Topic 606, which was the result of a joint project by the FASB and International Accounting Standards Board. The new standard replaces Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition", and other industry-specific guidance in the Accounting Standards Codification. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized on the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, "Deferral of Effective Date for Revenue from Contracts with Customers", which deferred the effective date of ASU 2014-09, but permits early adoption using the original effective date of January 1, 2017. The standard can be applied using one of two retrospective application methods at the date of adoption. Encana is currently assessing the potential impact of the standard on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

3. Segmented Information

Encana's reportable segments are determined based on the Company's operations and geographic locations as follows:

- Canadian Operations includes the exploration for, development of, and production of natural gas, oil and NGLs and other related activities within the Canadian cost centre.
- USA Operations includes the exploration for, development of, and production of natural gas, oil and NGLs and other related activities within the U.S. cost centre.
- Market Optimization is primarily responsible for the sale of the Company's proprietary production. These results are reported
 in the Canadian and USA Operations. Market optimization activities include third party purchases and sales of product to
 provide operational flexibility and cost mitigation for transportation commitments, product type, delivery points and customer
 diversification. These activities are reflected in the Market Optimization segment. Market Optimization sells substantially all of
 the Company's upstream production to third party customers. Transactions between segments are based on market values
 and are eliminated on consolidation.

Corporate and Other mainly includes unrealized gains or losses recorded on derivative financial instruments. Once the instruments are settled, the realized gains and losses are recorded in the reporting segment to which the derivative instruments relate.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings for the comparative period ended December 31, 2014 and the accompanying segmented information disclosed in this note have been updated to present property taxes and certain other levied charges within production, mineral and other taxes. Formerly, these property taxes and other charges were presented in either transportation and processing expense or operating expense. Encana has updated its presentation to more accurately reflect these charges within the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings based on the nature of the expense recognized and to more closely align with the Company's peers. As a result, for the three months ended December 31, 2014, the Canadian Operations has reclassified \$2 million from transportation and processing expense and \$11 million from operating expense to production, mineral and other taxes. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, the Canadian Operations has reclassified \$9 million from transportation and processing expense and \$40 million from operating expense to production, mineral and other taxes. In addition, for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2014, the USA Operations has reclassified \$12 million and \$28 million, respectively, from operating expense to production, mineral and other taxes.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

3. Segmented Information (continued)

Results of Operations (For the three months ended December 31)

Segment and Geographic Information

	Canadiar	n Operations	USA O	perations	Market Op	timization
	 2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 412	\$ 604	\$ 619	\$ 771	\$ 72	\$ 358
Expenses						
Production, mineral and other taxes	6	15	25	46	-	-
Transportation and processing	158	191	126	152	12	-
Operating	44	57	120	93	5	2
Purchased product	-	-	-	-	63	347
	204	341	348	480	(8)	9
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	68	122	186	298	-	-
Impairments	-	-	805	-	-	-
	\$ 136	\$ 219	\$ (643)	\$ 182	\$ (8)	\$ 9

		Corporate	e & Other	Cons	olidated
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	(72)	\$ 521	\$ 1,031	\$ 2,254
Expenses					
Production, mineral and other taxes		-	-	31	61
Transportation and processing		2	11	298	354
Operating		2	3	171	155
Purchased product		-	-	63	347
		(76)	507	468	1,337
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		22	31	276	451
Impairments		-	-	805	-
	\$	(98)	\$ 476	(613)	886
Accretion of asset retirement obligation				11	13
Administrative				58	58
Interest				106	252
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net				164	149
(Gain) loss on divestitures				-	16
Other				25	63
				364	551
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax				(977)	335
Income tax expense (recovery)				(365)	137
Net Earnings (Loss)	·			(612)	198
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest				-	-
Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Common Shareholders				\$ (612)	\$ 198

Intersegment Information

Market Optimization Marketing Sales Total **Upstream Eliminations** 2015 2015 2015 2014 2014 2014 Revenues, Net of Royalties 964 \$ 1,631 (892) \$ (1,273) \$ 72 \$ 358 **Expenses** 87 100 (100) Transportation and processing (75) 12 Operating 5 3 5 2 (1) Purchased product 880 1,519 63 347 (817)(1,172)**Operating Cash Flow** 9 \$ 9 (8) \$ (8) \$

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

3. Segmented Information (continued)

Results of Operations (For the twelve months ended December 31)

Segment and Geographic Information

	Canadiar	Operations	USA C	perations	Market Op	timization
	 2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 1,822	\$ 3,310	\$ 2,491	\$ 2,902	\$ 365	\$ 1,248
Expenses						
Production, mineral and other taxes	28	64	116	146	-	-
Transportation and processing	654	826	580	658	12	-
Operating	152	274	519	326	33	39
Purchased product	-	-	-	-	323	1,191
	988	2,146	1,276	1,772	(3)	18
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	305	625	1,088	992	-	4
Impairments	-	-	6,473	-	-	-
	\$ 683	\$ 1,521	\$ (6.285)	\$ 780	\$ (3)	\$ 14

	Corpora	te & Other	Cons	olidated
	 2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ (256)	\$ 559	\$ 4,422	\$ 8,019
Expenses				
Production, mineral and other taxes	-	-	144	210
Transportation and processing	6	12	1,252	1,496
Operating	19	28	723	667
Purchased product	-	-	323	1,191
	(281)	519	1,980	4,455
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	95	124	1,488	1,745
Impairments	-	-	6,473	-
	\$ (376)	\$ 395	(5,981)	2,710
Accretion of asset retirement obligation			45	52
Administrative			275	327
Interest			614	654
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net			1,082	403
(Gain) loss on divestitures			(14)	(3,426)
Other			27	71
			2,029	(1,919)
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax			(8,010)	4,629
Income tax expense (recovery)			(2,845)	1,203
Net Earnings (Loss)			(5,165)	3,426
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest			-	(34)
Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Common Shareholders			\$ (5,165)	\$ 3,392

Intersegment Information

Market Optimization

	Market Optimization										
		Marketii	arketing Sales			Upstream E	ninations	To			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	2015		2014
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	4,309	\$	7,371	\$	(3,944)	\$	(6,123)	\$ 365	\$	1,248
Expenses											
Transportation and processing		348		458		(336)		(458)	12		-
Operating		33		62		-		(23)	33		39
Purchased product		3,931		6,822		(3,608)		(5,631)	323		1,191
Operating Cash Flow	\$	(3)	\$	29	\$	-	\$	(11)	\$ (3)	\$	18

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

3. Segmented Information (continued)

Capital Expenditures

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended			
	Decer	mber 31,	Decem	nber 31,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Canadian Operations	\$ 39	\$ 302	\$ 380	\$ 1,226		
USA Operations	242	548	1,847	1,285		
Market Optimization	-	-	1	-		
Corporate & Other	(1	7	4	15		
	\$ 280	\$ 857	\$ 2,232	\$ 2,526		

Goodwill, Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets by Segment

	Goo	dwill	Property, Plant	and Equipment	Total Assets (1)		
	As	s at	As	at	As at		
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Canadian Operations	\$ 661	\$ 788	\$ 1,100	\$ 2,338	\$ 2,036	\$ 3,544	
USA Operations	2,129	2,129	7,249	13,817	10,405	16,798	
Market Optimization		-	1	1	95	181	
Corporate & Other	-	-	1,507	1,859	3,108	4,008	
	\$ 2,790	\$ 2,917	\$ 9,857	\$ 18,015	\$ 15,644	\$ 24,531	

⁽¹⁾ Total Assets for 2014 has been restated due to the early adoption of ASU 2015-17, "Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes", as described in Note 2.

4. Business Combinations

Eagle Ford Acquisition

On June 20, 2014, Encana completed the acquisition of properties located in the Eagle Ford shale formation for approximately \$2.9 billion, after closing adjustments. The acquisition included an interest in certain producing properties and undeveloped lands in the Karnes, Wilson and Atascosa counties of south Texas. Encana funded the acquisition with cash on hand. Transaction costs of approximately \$9 million were included in other expenses.

Athlon Energy Inc. Acquisition

On November 13, 2014, Encana completed the acquisition of all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Athlon Energy Inc. ("Athlon") for \$5.93 billion, or \$58.50 per share. In addition, Encana assumed Athlon's \$1.15 billion senior notes and repaid and terminated Athlon's credit facility with indebtedness outstanding of \$335 million. Encana funded the acquisition of Athlon with cash on hand. Transaction costs of approximately \$31 million were included in other expenses. Following completion of the acquisition, Athlon's \$1.15 billion senior notes were redeemed in accordance with the provisions of the governing indentures. Athlon's operations focused on the acquisition and development of oil and gas properties located in the Permian Basin in west Texas.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

4. Business Combinations (continued)

Purchase Price Allocations

The transactions were accounted for under the acquisition method, which requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date. The final purchase price allocations, representing consideration paid and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date, are shown in the table below.

Purchase Price Allocation	Eagle Ford	Athlon (1)
Assets Acquired:		
Cash	\$ -	\$ 2
Accounts receivable and other current assets	4	133
Risk management	-	80
Proved properties	2,873	2,124
Unproved properties	78	5,338
Other property, plant and equipment	-	2
Other assets	-	2
Goodwill	-	1,724
Liabilities Assumed:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	(195)
Long-term debt, including revolving credit facility	-	(1,497)
Asset retirement obligation	(32)	(25)
Deferred income taxes	-	(1,724)
Total Purchase Price	\$ 2,923	\$ 5,964

⁽¹⁾ The purchase price includes cash consideration paid for issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Athlon of \$58.50 per share totaling \$5.93 billion, as well as payments to terminate certain employment agreements with Athlon's management and payments for certain other existing obligations of Athlon.

The Company used the income approach valuation technique for the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The carrying amounts of cash, accounts receivable and other current assets, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of the instruments. The fair values of the risk management assets and long-term debt, including the revolving credit facility, are categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and were determined using quoted prices and rates from an available pricing source. The fair values of the proved and unproved properties, other property, plant and equipment, other assets, goodwill, and asset retirement obligation are categorized within Level 3 and were determined using relevant market assumptions, including discount rates, future commodity prices and costs, timing of development activities, projections of oil and gas reserves, and estimates to abandon and reclaim producing wells.

Goodwill arose from the Athlon acquisition primarily from the requirement to recognize deferred taxes on the difference between the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the respective carry-over tax basis. Goodwill is not amortized and is not deductible for tax purposes.

Pro Forma Financial Information

The following unaudited pro forma financial information combines the historical financial results of Encana with Eagle Ford and Athlon, and has been prepared assuming the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2014. The pro forma information is not intended to reflect the actual results of operations that would have occurred if the business combinations had been completed at the date indicated. In addition, the pro forma information does not project Encana's results of operations for any future period. The Company's consolidated results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015 include the results from Eagle Ford and Athlon.

Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2014 (\$ millions, except per share amounts)		Eagle Ford		Athlon
Devenues Not of Develties	¢.	8.760	ď	0.570
Revenues, Net of Royalties	Ф	-,	Ф	8,572
Net Earnings Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$	3,641	\$	3,486
Net Earnings per Common Share				
Basic & Diluted	\$	4.91	\$	4.71

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

5. Acquisitions and Divestitures

	Three Months Ended December 31,			Twelve Mo Decem	 =	
	2015	20)14	2015	2014	
Acquisitions						
Canadian Operations	\$ 8	\$	7	\$ 9	\$ 21	
USA Operations	24		34	27	2,995	
Corporate & Other	-		-	34	-	
Total Acquisitions	32		41	70	3,016	
Divestitures						
Canadian Operations	(24)		3	(959)	(1,847)	
USA Operations	(769)		6	(896)	(2,264)	
Market Optimization	-		-	-	(205)	
Corporate & Other	-		-	(53)	(29)	
Total Divestitures	(793)		9	(1,908)	(4,345)	
Net Acquisitions & (Divestitures)	\$ (761)	\$	50	\$ (1,838)	\$ (1,329)	

Acquisitions

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, acquisitions primarily included the purchase of certain properties in the Eagle Ford shale formation in south Texas as described in Note 4.

Divestitures

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2015, divestitures in the Canadian Operations were \$24 million and \$959 million, respectively. Divestitures primarily included the sale of certain assets in Wheatland located in central and southern Alberta for proceeds of approximately C\$557 million (\$467 million), after closing adjustments, the sale of certain natural gas gathering and compression assets in Montney in northeastern British Columbia for proceeds of approximately C\$450 million (\$355 million), after closing adjustments, and certain properties that do not complement Encana's existing portfolio of assets. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, divestitures in the Canadian Operations were \$1,847 million, which primarily included the sale of the Company's Bighorn assets in west central Alberta for approximately \$1,725 million, after closing adjustments.

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2015, divestitures in the USA Operations were \$769 million and \$896 million, respectively. Divestitures primarily included the sale of the Haynesville natural gas assets located in northern Louisiana and certain properties that do not complement Encana's existing portfolio of assets. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, divestitures in the USA Operations were \$2,264 million, which primarily included the sale of the Jonah properties for proceeds of approximately \$1,636 million, after closing adjustments and the sale of certain properties in East Texas for proceeds of approximately \$495 million, after closing adjustments.

Encana recognizes gains or losses on divestitures that resulted in a significant alteration between capitalized costs and proved reserves in a country cost centre. For divestitures that resulted in a gain or loss and constituted a business, goodwill was allocated to the divestiture. Accordingly, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, Encana recognized a gain of approximately \$1,014 million, before tax, on the sale of the Company's Bighorn assets in the Canadian cost centre and allocated goodwill of \$257 million. In addition, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, Encana recognized a gain of approximately \$209 million, before tax, on the sale of the Jonah properties in the U.S. cost centre and allocated goodwill of \$68 million. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, there was no goodwill allocated to divestitures.

Amounts received from the divestiture transactions have been deducted from the respective Canadian and U.S. full cost pools, except for the sale of the Bighorn assets and the Jonah properties as noted above and the sale of the investment in PrairieSky as noted in Other Capital Transactions.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, divestitures in Market Optimization were \$205 million and primarily included the Company's electricity generation assets.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, Corporate and Other acquisitions and divestitures primarily included the purchase and subsequent sale of the Encana Place office building located in Calgary, which resulted in a gain on divestiture of approximately \$12 million.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

5. Acquisitions and Divestitures (continued)

OTHER CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions involved the acquisition or disposition of common shares and, therefore, have been excluded from the acquisitions and divestitures table.

Acquisition of Athlon

On November 13, 2014, Encana acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Athlon for \$5.93 billion, or \$58.50 per share. See Note 4 for further details regarding the Athlon transaction.

Divestiture of Investment in PrairieSky

On September 26, 2014, Encana completed the secondary offering of 70.2 million common shares of PrairieSky at a price of C\$36.50 per common share for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately C\$2.6 billion. As the sale of the investment in PrairieSky resulted in a significant alteration between capitalized costs and proved reserves in the Canadian cost centre, Encana recognized a gain on divestiture of approximately \$2.1 billion, before tax. See Note 15 for further details regarding the PrairieSky transactions.

6. Interest

	Three Months Ended Twelve Months December 31, December 3			 	
	 2015	2015	2014		
Interest Expense on:					
Debt	\$ 77	\$ 206	\$ 497	\$ 509	
The Bow office building	16	18	65	75	
Capital leases	6	9	28	37	
Other	7	19	24	33	
	\$ 106	\$ 252	\$ 614	\$ 654	

Interest Expense on Debt for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015 included a one-time interest payment of approximately \$165 million resulting from the April 2015 early redemption of the Company's \$700 million 5.90 percent notes due December 1, 2017 and C\$750 million 5.80 percent medium-term notes due January 18, 2018 as discussed in Note 10.

Interest Expense on Debt for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2014 included a one-time outlay of approximately \$125 million associated with the early redemption of senior notes assumed in conjunction with the Athlon acquisition as described in Note 10.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

7. Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss, Net

	Three Months Ended		Twelve Mo	nths Ende	ed
	Decem	nber 31,	Decem		
	 2015	2014	2015		2014
Unrealized Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss on:					
Translation of U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada	\$ 116	\$ 180	\$ 754	\$	456
Translation of U.S. dollar risk management contracts					
issued from Canada	(11)	(6)	(67)		(16)
Translation of intercompany notes	27	-	-		-
	132	174	687		440
Foreign Exchange on Settlements	21	-	358		28
Other Monetary Revaluations	11	(25)	37		(65)
	\$ 164	\$ 149	\$ 1,082	\$	403

Foreign Exchange on Settlements included foreign exchange on intercompany transactions and foreign exchange on settlement of long-term debt previously reported in Other Monetary Revaluations.

8. Income Taxes

				Twelve Months E December 3	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Current Tax					
Canada	\$	(1) \$	2 \$	(25) \$	249
United States		2	(2)	(17)	(21)
Other countries		3	2	8	15
Total Current Tax Expense (Recovery)		4	2	(34)	243
Deferred Tax					
Canada		300	15	(316)	713
United States		(385)	139	(2,495)	246
Other countries		(284)	(19)	-	1
Total Deferred Tax Expense (Recovery)		(369)	135	(2,811)	960
Income Tax Expense (Recovery)	\$	(365) \$	137 \$	(2,845) \$	1,203

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

9. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

	As	at De	cember 31	, 2015		As	at D	ecember 31, 2014	
		Acc	umulated				-	Accumulated	
	Cost		DD&A (1)		Net	Cost		DD&A (1)	Net
Canadian Operations									
Proved properties	\$ 14,866	\$	(14,170)	\$	696	\$ 18,271	\$	(16,566) \$	1,705
Unproved properties	334		-		334	478		-	478
Other	70		-		70	155		-	155
	15,270		(14,170)		1,100	18,904		(16,566)	2,338
USA Operations									
Proved properties	25,723		(23,822)		1,901	24,279		(16,260)	8,019
Unproved properties	5,282		-	:	5,282	5,655		-	5,655
Other	66		-		66	143		-	143
	31,071		(23,822)		7,249	30,077		(16,260)	13,817
Market Optimization	5		(4)		1	8		(7)	1
Corporate & Other	2,098		(591)		1,507	2,470		(611)	1,859
	\$ 48,444	\$	(38,587)	\$!	9,857	\$ 51,459	\$	(33,444) \$	18,015

⁽¹⁾ Depreciation, depletion and amortization.

Canadian Operations and USA Operations property, plant and equipment include internal costs directly related to exploration, development and construction activities of \$217 million, which have been capitalized during the twelve months ended December 31, 2015 (2014 - \$306 million). Included in Corporate and Other are \$58 million (2014 - \$65 million) of international property costs, which have been fully impaired.

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized before-tax ceiling test impairments of \$805 million and \$6,473 million, respectively (2014 - nil) in the U.S. cost centre, which are included within accumulated DD&A in the table above. The impairments resulted primarily from the decline in the 12-month average trailing commodity prices which reduced proved reserves volumes and values. There were no ceiling test impairments in the Canadian cost centre for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2015 (2014 - nil).

The 12-month average trailing prices used in the ceiling test calculations were based on the benchmark prices below. The benchmark prices were adjusted for basis differentials to determine local reference prices, transportation costs and tariffs, heat content and quality.

	Natural	Natural Gas		IGLs
	•			Edmonton
	Henry Hub	AECO	WTI	Light Sweet
	(\$/MMBtu)	(C\$/MMBtu)	(\$/bbl)	(C\$/bbl)
12-Month Average Trailing Reserves Pricing				
December 31, 2015	2.58	2.69	50.28	58.82
December 31, 2014	4.34	4.63	94.99	96.40

Capital Lease Arrangements

The Company has several lease arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases, including an office building, equipment and an offshore production platform.

In December 2013, Encana commenced commercial operations at its Deep Panuke facility located offshore Nova Scotia at which time the Company recorded a capital lease asset and a corresponding capital lease obligation related to the Production Field Centre ("PFC"). Variable interests related to the PFC are described in Note 16.

As at December 31, 2015, the total carrying value of assets under capital lease was \$376 million (2014 - \$547 million), net of accumulated amortization of \$310 million (2014 - \$225 million). Liabilities for the capital lease arrangements are included in other liabilities and provisions in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are disclosed in Note 11.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

9. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net (continued)

Other Arrangement

As at December 31, 2015, Corporate and Other property, plant and equipment and total assets include a carrying value of \$1,179 million (2014 - \$1,431 million) related to The Bow office building, which is under a 25-year lease agreement. The Bow asset is being depreciated over the 60-year estimated life of the building. At the conclusion of the 25-year term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized as disclosed in Note 11.

10. Long-Term Debt			
		i	
	As at		As at
	December 31,		December 31,
	2015		2014
Canadian Dollar Denominated Debt			
Canadian Unsecured Notes			
5.80% due January 18, 2018	\$ -	\$	647
U.S. Dollar Denominated Debt			
Revolving credit and term loan borrowings	650		1,277
U.S. Unsecured Notes			.,
5.90% due December 1, 2017	_		700
6.50% due May 15, 2019	500		500
3.90% due November 15, 2021	600		600
8.125% due September 15, 2030	300		300
7.20% due November 1, 2031	350		350
7.375% due November 1, 2031	500		500
6.50% due August 15, 2034	750		750
6.625% due August 15, 2037	500		500
6.50% due February 1, 2038	800		800
5.15% due November 15, 2041	400		400
	5,350		6,677
Total Principal	5,350		7,324
Increase in Value of Debt Acquired	27		34
Debt Discounts	(14)		(18)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	•		-
-	\$ 5.363	\$	7.340

As at December 31, 2015, total long-term debt had a carrying value of \$5,363 million and a fair value of \$4,630 million (2014 - carrying value of \$7,340 million and a fair value of \$7,788 million). The estimated fair value of long-term borrowings is categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and has been determined based on market information, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end.

On March 5, 2015, Encana provided notice to noteholders that it would redeem the Company's \$700 million 5.90 percent notes due December 1, 2017 and C\$750 million 5.80 percent medium-term notes due January 18, 2018. On April 6, 2015, the Company used net proceeds from the common shares issued, as disclosed in Note 13, and cash on hand to complete the note redemptions. In conjunction with the early note redemptions, the Company incurred a one-time interest payment of approximately \$165 million as discussed in Note 6.

On February 28, 2014, Encana announced a cash tender offer and consent solicitation for any and all of the Company's outstanding \$1,000 million 5.80 percent notes due May 1, 2014. The Company paid \$1,004.59 for each \$1,000 principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but not including, the settlement date and a consent payment equal to \$2.50 per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes.

On March 28, 2014, the tender offer and consent solicitation expired and on March 31, 2014, Encana paid the consenting noteholders an aggregate of approximately \$792 million in cash reflecting a \$768 million principal debt repayment, \$2 million for the consent payment and \$22 million of accrued and unpaid interest.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

On April 28, 2014, pursuant to the Notice of Redemption issued on March 28, 2014, the Company redeemed the remaining principal amount of the 5.80 percent notes not tendered in the tender offer. Encana paid approximately \$239 million in cash reflecting a \$232 million principal debt repayment and \$7 million of accrued and unpaid interest.

On December 16, 2014, Encana completed the redemption of the \$500 million 7.375 percent senior notes due April 15, 2021 and the \$650 million 6.00 percent senior notes due May 1, 2022, which were assumed by Encana in conjunction with the Athlon acquisition as discussed in Note 4. The Company recognized a one-time outlay of approximately \$125 million as a result of the early redemption as discussed in Note 6. In conjunction with the Athlon acquisition, the Company recorded an increase in the fair value of the debt acquired of approximately \$12 million, which was expensed upon redemption of the senior notes and is included in other expenses in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings. Encana used proceeds from the Company's revolving credit facility of \$1,277 million to redeem the senior notes.

11. Other Liabilities and Provisions

	As a December 31 2019	, D	As at December 31, 2014
The Bow Office Building (See Note 9) Capital Lease Obligations (See Note 9) Unrecognized Tax Benefits Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits Long-Term Incentives (See Note 18) Other Derivative Contracts (See Notes 20, 21) Other	\$ 1,238 353 189 115 23 23		1,486 473 279 144 70
	\$ 1,975	\$	2,484

The Bow Office Building

As described in Note 9, Encana has recognized the accumulated costs for The Bow office building, which is under a 25-year lease agreement. At the conclusion of the 25-year term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized. Encana has also subleased part of The Bow office space to a subsidiary of Cenovus Energy Inc. ("Cenovus"). The total undiscounted future payments related to the lease agreement and the total undiscounted future amounts expected to be recovered from the Cenovus sublease are outlined below.

(undiscounted)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Thereafter	Total
Expected Future Lease Payments	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 70	\$ 1,315	\$ 1,659
Sublease Recoveries	\$ (34)	\$ (34)	\$ (34)	\$ (34)	\$ (34)	\$ (646)	\$ (816)

Capital Lease Obligations

As described in Note 9, the Company has several lease arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases, including an office building, equipment and the PFC. Variable interests related to the PFC are described in Note 16.

The total expected future lease payments related to the Company's capital lease obligations are outlined below.

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Thereafter	Total
Expected Future Lease Payments Less Amounts Representing	\$ 98	\$ 99	\$ 99	\$ 99	\$ 99	\$ 133	\$ 627
Interest	44	42	38	34	31	31	220
Present Value of Expected							
Future Lease Payments	\$ 54	\$ 57	\$ 61	\$ 65	\$ 68	\$ 102	\$ 407

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

12. Asset Retirement Obligation

	As a December 31	1	As at cember 31,
	2015		2014
Asset Retirement Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$ 913	\$	966
Liabilities Incurred and Acquired	19		85
Liabilities Settled and Divested	(217)		(188)
Change in Estimated Future Cash Outflows	115		35
Accretion Expense	45		52
Foreign Currency Translation	(61)		(37)
Asset Retirement Obligation, End of Year	\$ 814	\$	913
Current Portion	\$ 41	l ¢	43
	\$ 41 773	\$	_
Long-Term Portion		<u></u>	870
	\$ 814	\$	913

13. Share Capital

Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par value common shares and Class A Preferred Shares limited to a number equal to not more than 20 percent of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the time of issuance.

Issued and Outstanding

	As	at	As	at			
	December	31, 2015	December	r 31,	2014		
	Number		Number				
	(millions)	Amount	(millions)		Amount		
Common Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Year	741.2	\$ 2,450	740.9	\$	2,445		
Common Shares Issued	98.4	1,098	-		-		
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	10.2	73	0.3		5		
Common Shares Outstanding, End of Year	849.8	\$ 3,621	741.2	\$	2,450		

On March 5, 2015, Encana filed a prospectus supplement (the "Share Offering") to the Company's base shelf prospectus for the issuance of 85,616,500 common shares and granted an over-allotment option for up to an additional 12,842,475 common shares at a price of C\$14.60 per common share, pursuant to an underwriting agreement. The aggregate gross proceeds from the Share Offering were approximately C\$1.44 billion (\$1.13 billion). After deducting underwriter's fees and costs of the Share Offering, the net proceeds received were approximately C\$1.39 billion (\$1.09 billion).

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, Encana issued 10,246,221 common shares totaling \$73 million under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP"). During the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, Encana issued 240,839 common shares totaling \$5 million under the DRIP.

Dividends

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, Encana paid dividends of \$0.07 per common share totaling \$59 million (2014 - \$0.07 per common share totaling \$51 million). During the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, Encana paid dividends of \$0.28 per common share totaling \$225 million (2014 - \$0.28 per common share totaling \$207 million). Common shares issued as part of the Share Offering as described above were not eligible to receive the dividend paid on March 31, 2015.

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2015, the dividends paid included \$20 million and \$73 million, respectively, in common shares issued in lieu of cash dividends under the DRIP (for the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2014 - \$1 million and \$5 million, respectively).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

13. Share Capital (continued)

Earnings Per Common Share

The following table presents the computation of net earnings per common share:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Twelve Mo	Ended		
	 Decem	ber 31,	Decem	ber 31,		
(millions, except per share amounts)	2015	2014	2015		2014	
Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$ (612)	\$ 198	\$ (5,165)	\$	3,392	
Number of Common Shares:						
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic	846.5	741.1	822.1		741.0	
Effect of dilutive securities	-	-	-		-	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted	846.5	741.1	822.1		741.0	
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share					_	
Basic	\$ (0.72)	\$ 0.27	\$ (6.28)	\$	4.58	
Diluted	\$ (0.72)	\$ 0.27	\$ (6.28)	\$	4.58	

Encana Stock Option Plan

Encana has share-based compensation plans that allow employees to purchase common shares of the Company. Option exercise prices are not less than the market value of the common shares on the date the options are granted. All options outstanding as at December 31, 2015 have associated Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights ("TSARs") attached. In lieu of exercising the option, the associated TSARs give the option holder the right to receive a cash payment equal to the excess of the market price of Encana's common shares at the time of the exercise over the original grant price.

In addition, certain stock options granted are performance-based whereby vesting is also subject to Encana attaining prescribed performance relative to predetermined key measures. Historically, most holders of options with TSARs have elected to exercise their stock options as a Stock Appreciation Right ("SAR") in exchange for a cash payment. As a result, Encana does not consider outstanding TSARs to be potentially dilutive securities.

Encana Restricted Share Units ("RSUs")

Encana has a share-based compensation plan whereby eligible employees are granted RSUs. An RSU is a conditional grant to receive an Encana common share, or the cash equivalent, as determined by Encana, upon vesting of the RSUs and in accordance with the terms of the RSU Plan and Grant Agreement. The Company intends to settle vested RSUs in cash on the vesting date. As a result, Encana does not consider RSUs to be potentially dilutive securities.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

14. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

		Three Mor			Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
		2015		2014		2015	2014	
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment								
,	•	4 045	Φ.	057		745	Φ.	000
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$	1,315	\$		\$	715	\$	693
Current Period Change in Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		68		58		668		22
Balance, End of Period	\$	1,383	\$	715	\$	1,383	\$	715
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans								
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$	(24)	\$	(9)	\$	(26)	\$	(9)
Net Actuarial Gains and (Losses) (See Note 19)		46		(22)		46		(22)
Income Taxes		(15)		7		(15)		7
Reclassification of Net Actuarial (Gains) and								
Losses to Net Earnings (See Note 19)		-		(1)		2		(1)
Income Taxes		-		-		-		-
Reclassification of Net Prior Service Costs and								
(Credits) to Net Earnings (See Note 19)		-		(1)		-		(1)
Income Taxes		-		-		-		
Balance, End of Period	\$	7	\$	(26)	\$	7	\$	(26)
Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	\$	1,390	\$	689	\$	1,390	\$	689

15. Noncontrolling Interest

Initial Public Offering of Common Shares of PrairieSky

On May 29, 2014, Encana completed an initial public offering ("IPO") of 52.0 million common shares of PrairieSky at a price of C\$28.00 per common share for gross proceeds of approximately C\$1.46 billion. On June 3, 2014, the over-allotment option granted to the underwriters to purchase up to an additional 7.8 million common shares was exercised in full for gross proceeds of approximately C\$218.4 million. Encana received aggregate gross proceeds from the IPO of approximately C\$1.67 billion (\$1.54 billion). Subsequent to the IPO, Encana owned 70.2 million common shares of PrairieSky, representing a 54 percent ownership interest. Accordingly, Encana consolidated 100 percent of the financial position and results of operations of PrairieSky and recognized a noncontrolling interest for the third party ownership.

The noncontrolling interest in the former consolidated subsidiary, PrairieSky, was reflected as a separate component in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the twelve months ended December 31, 2014. Encana recorded \$117 million of the proceeds from the IPO as a noncontrolling interest and the remainder of the proceeds of \$1,427 million, less transaction costs of \$82 million, was recognized as paid in surplus as at December 31, 2014.

Secondary Public Offering of Common Shares of PrairieSky

On September 26, 2014, Encana completed the secondary offering of 70.2 million common shares of PrairieSky at a price of C\$36.50 per common share, for aggregate gross proceeds to Encana of approximately C\$2.6 billion. Following the completion of the secondary offering, Encana no longer held an interest in PrairieSky. As discussed in Note 5, the PrairieSky divestiture resulted in a significant alteration between capitalized costs and proved reserves in the Canadian cost centre. Accordingly, Encana recognized a gain on divestiture of approximately \$2,094 million, which is included in (gain) loss on divestitures in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings. In conjunction with the divestiture, Encana derecognized the carrying amount of the net assets of \$258 million, including goodwill of \$39 million, and the noncontrolling interest of \$133 million.

Distributions to Noncontrolling Interest Owners

During the period from May 29, 2014 to September 25, 2014, PrairieSky paid dividends of C\$0.3174 per common share totaling \$38 million, of which \$18 million was attributable to the noncontrolling interest as presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Net Earnings Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest

During the period from May 29, 2014 to September 25, 2014, the Company held a controlling interest in PrairieSky. Accordingly, Encana consolidated 100 percent of the financial position and results of operations of PrairieSky and recognized a noncontrolling interest for the third party ownership. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2014, net earnings and comprehensive income of \$34 million were attributable to the noncontrolling interest as presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

16. Variable Interest Entities

Production Field Centre

In 2008, Encana entered into a contract for the design, construction and operation of the PFC at its Deep Panuke facility. Upon commencement of operations in December 2013, Encana recognized the PFC as a capital lease asset as described in Note 9. Under the lease contract, Encana has a purchase option and the option to extend the lease for 12 one-year terms at fixed prices after the initial lease term expires in 2021.

As a result of the purchase option and fixed price renewal options, Encana has determined it holds variable interests and that the related leasing entity qualifies as a variable interest entity ("VIE"). Encana is not the primary beneficiary of the VIE as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. Encana is not required to provide any financial support or guarantees to the leasing entity or its affiliates, other than the contractual payments under the lease and operating agreements. Encana's maximum exposure is the expected lease payments over the initial contract term. As at December 31, 2015, Encana had a capital lease obligation of \$340 million (2014 - \$462 million) related to the PFC.

Veresen Midstream Limited Partnership

On March 31, 2015, Encana, along with the Cutbank Ridge Partnership ("CRP"), entered into natural gas gathering and compression agreements with Veresen Midstream Limited Partnership ("VMLP"), under an initial term of 30 years with two potential five-year renewal terms. As part of the agreement, VMLP agreed to undertake future expansion of midstream services if required by Encana and the CRP in support of the anticipated future development of the Montney play. In addition, VMLP provides to Encana and the CRP natural gas gathering and processing under agreements that were contributed to VMLP by its partner Veresen Inc., and have remaining terms of 17 years and up to a potential maximum of 10 one-year renewal terms.

Encana has determined that VMLP is a VIE and that Encana holds variable interests in VMLP. Encana is not the primary beneficiary as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact VMLP's economic performance. These key activities relate to the construction, operation, maintenance and marketing of the assets owned by VMLP. The variable interests arise from certain terms under the long-term service agreements which include: i) a take or pay for volumes committed to certain gathering and processing assets; ii) an operating fee of which a portion can be converted into a fixed fee once VMLP assumes operatorship of certain compression assets; and iii) a potential payout of minimum costs associated with certain gathering and compression assets. The potential payout of minimum costs will be assessed in the eighth year of the assets' service period and is based on whether there is an overall shortfall of total system cash flows from natural gas gathered and compressed under certain service agreements. The potential payout amount can be reduced in the event VMLP markets unutilized capacity to third party users. Encana is not required to provide any financial support or guarantees to VMLP.

As a result of Encana's involvement with VMLP, the maximum total exposure, which represents the potential exposure to Encana in the event the assets under the agreements are deemed worthless, is estimated to be \$1,195 million as at December 31, 2015. The estimate comprises the take or pay volume commitments and the potential payout of minimum costs. The take or pay volume commitments associated with certain gathering and processing assets are included in Note 22 under Transportation and Processing. The potential payout requirement is highly uncertain as the amount is contingent on future production estimates, pace of development and the amount of capacity contracted to third parties. As at December 31, 2015, there were no accounts payable and accrued liabilities outstanding related to the take or pay commitment.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

17. Restructuring Charges

In November 2013, Encana announced its plans to align the organizational structure in support of the Company's strategy. Since the announcement, total restructuring charges primarily related to severance costs of \$126 million, before tax, have been incurred, of which \$4 million remained accrued as at December 31, 2015. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, \$2 million in restructuring charges were incurred (2014 - \$36 million).

During the second quarter of 2015, Encana revised its plans to align the organizational structure in continued support of the Company's strategy. During 2015, transition and severance costs of \$62 million, before tax, were incurred, of which \$9 million remained accrued as at December 31, 2015.

The remaining amounts accrued as noted above will be paid in early 2016. Restructuring charges are included in administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings.

18. Compensation Plans

Encana has a number of compensation arrangements under which the Company awards various types of long-term incentive grants to eligible employees. They include TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, Performance Share Units ("PSUs"), Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") and RSUs. These compensation arrangements are share-based.

Encana accounts for TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, PSUs and RSUs held by employees as cash-settled share-based payment transactions and, accordingly, accrues compensation costs over the vesting period based on the fair value of the rights determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton and other fair value models.

As at December 31, 2015, the following weighted average assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the share units held by employees:

	US\$ Share Units	C\$ Share Units
Risk Free Interest Rate	0.48%	0.48%
Dividend Yield	1.18%	1.09%
Expected Volatility Rate	39.16%	36.45%
Expected Term	1.4 yrs	1.5 yrs
Market Share Price	US\$5.09	C\$7.03

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

18. Compensation Plans (continued)

The Company has recognized the following share-based compensation costs:

	Three Mor Decem	 	7	Twelve Mo Decem	nths Ended ber 31,	
	2015	2014		2015		2014
Compensation Costs of Transactions Classified as Cash-Settled	\$ (5)	\$ (90)	\$	(29)	\$	25
Compensation Costs of Transactions Classified as Equity-Settled (1)	-	(1)		-		(2)
Total Share-Based Compensation Costs	(5)	(91)		(29)		23
Less: Total Share-Based Compensation Costs Capitalized	1	35		10		(6)
Total Share-Based Compensation Expense	\$ (4)	\$ (56)	\$	(19)	\$	17
Recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings in:						
Operating expense	\$ (1)	\$ (19)	\$	(7)	\$	12
Administrative expense	(3)	(37)		(12)		5
	\$ (4)	\$ (56)	\$	(19)	\$	17

⁽¹⁾ RSUs may be settled in cash or equity as determined by Encana. The Company's decision to cash settle RSUs was made subsequent to the original grant date.

As at December 31, 2015, the liability for share-based payment transactions totaled \$51 million (2014 - \$99 million), of which \$28 million (2014 - \$29 million) is recognized in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and \$23 million (2014 - \$70 million) is recognized in other liabilities and provisions in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

	As a	t	As at
	December 3 ⁴	1,	December 31,
	201	5	2014
Liability for Cash-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions:			
Unvested	\$ 47	7	\$ 78
Vested	4	1	21
	\$ 51	1	\$ 99

The following units were granted primarily in conjunction with the Company's March annual long-term incentive award. The TSARs and SARs were granted at the volume-weighted average trading price of Encana's common shares for the five days prior to the grant date.

Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2015 (thousands of units)

TSARs	1,934
SARs	1,444
PSUs	2,420
DSUs	212
RSUs	7,111

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

19. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Company has recognized total benefit plans expense which includes pension benefits and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") for the twelve months ended December 31 as follows:

	Pension Benefits				OP	ΈВ		Total			
		2015		2014	2015		2014		2015		2014
Defined Benefit Plan Expense	\$	1	\$	-	\$ 14	\$	12	\$	15	\$	12
Defined Contribution Plan Expense		33		34	-		-		33		34
Total Benefit Plans Expense	\$	34	\$	34	\$ 14	\$	12	\$	48	\$	46

Of the total benefit plans expense, \$39 million (2014 - \$36 million) was included in operating expense and \$9 million (2014 - \$10 million) was included in administrative expense.

The defined periodic pension and OPEB expense for the twelve months ended December 31 are as follows:

	Pension Benefits					OP		Total			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	2015		2014
Current Service Costs	\$	2	\$	3	\$	10	\$	10	\$ 12	\$	13
Interest Cost		9		12		4		4	13		16
Expected Return On Plan Assets		(12)		(15)		-		-	(12)		(15)
Amounts Reclassified From Accumulated Other											
Comprehensive Income:											
Amortization of net actuarial (gains) and losses		2		-		-		(1)	2		(1)
Amortization of net prior service costs		-		-		-		(1)	-		(1)
Total Defined Benefit Plan Expense	\$	1	\$	-	\$	14	\$	12	\$ 15	\$	12

The amounts recognized in other comprehensive income for the twelve months ended December 31 are as follows:

	Pension Benefits					OP		Total				
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Net Actuarial (Gains) Losses	\$	(22)	\$	8	\$	(24)	\$	14	\$	(46)	\$	22
Amortization of Net Actuarial Gains and (Losses)		(2)		-		-		1		(2)		1
Amortization of Net Prior Service Costs		-		-		-		1		-		1
Total Amounts Recognized in Other												
Comprehensive (Income) Loss, Before Tax	\$	(24)	\$	8	\$	(24)	\$	16	\$	(48)	\$	24
Total Amounts Recognized in Other												
Comprehensive (Income) Loss, After Tax	\$	(17)	\$	6	\$	(16)	\$	11	\$	(33)	\$	17

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

20. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of those instruments. The fair value of cash in reserve approximates its carrying amount due to the nature of the instrument held.

Recurring fair value measurements are performed for risk management assets and liabilities and other derivative liabilities, as discussed further in Note 21. These items are carried at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are classified within the three levels of the fair value hierarchy in the tables below. There have been no transfers between the hierarchy levels during the period.

		Level 1							
		Quoted		Level 2	Level 3				
		Prices in		Other	Significant				
		Active	Ob:	servable	Unobservable	'	Total Fair		Carrying
As at December 31, 2015		Markets		Inputs	Inputs		Value	Netting (1)	Amount
Risk Management	ı								
Risk Management Assets	ı								
Current	\$	1	\$	356	\$ 37	\$	394	\$ (27)	\$ 367
Long-term	ı	-		11	-		11	-	11
Risk Management Liabilities									
Current	ı	-		31	12		43	(27)	16
Long-term		-		-	9		9	-	9
Other Derivative Liabilities									
Current in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	6	\$ -	\$	6	\$ -	\$ 6
Long-term in other liabilities and provisions		-		23	-		23	-	23

	Level 1 Quoted Prices in		Level 2 Other	Level 3 Significant Unobservable		_	Corning
As at December 31, 2014	Markets	Obs	Inputs	Inputs		(4)	Carrying Amount
Risk Management Risk Management Assets Current	\$ -	\$	718	\$ -	\$ 718	\$ (11)	\$ 707
Long-term Risk Management Liabilities	-		67	-	67	(2)	65
Current Long-term	6 -		14 2	11 7	31 9	(11) (2)	

⁽¹⁾ Netting to offset derivative assets and liabilities where the legal right and intention to offset exists, or where counterparty master netting arrangements contain provisions for net settlement.

The Company's Level 1 and Level 2 risk management assets and liabilities consist of commodity fixed price contracts, NYMEX three-way options, NYMEX costless collars and basis swaps with terms to 2018. Level 2 also includes other derivative liabilities as discussed in Note 21. The fair values of these contracts are based on a market approach and are estimated using inputs which are either directly or indirectly observable at the reporting date, such as exchange and other published prices, broker quotes and observable trading activity.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

20. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

As at December 31, 2015, the Company's Level 3 risk management assets and liabilities consist of power purchase contracts with terms to 2017 and WTI three-way options with terms to 2016. The fair values of the power purchase contracts are based on the income approach and are modelled internally using observable and unobservable inputs such as forward power prices in less active markets. The WTI three-way options are a combination of a sold call, bought put and a sold put. These contracts allow the Company to participate in the upside of commodity prices to the ceiling of the call option and provide the Company with partial downside price protection through the combination of the put options. The fair values of the WTI three-way options are based on the income approach and are modelled using observable and unobservable inputs such as implied volatility. The unobservable inputs are obtained from third parties whenever possible and reviewed by the Company for reasonableness.

Changes in amounts related to risk management assets and liabilities are recognized in revenues and transportation and processing expense according to their purpose.

A summary of changes in Level 3 fair value measurements for the twelve months ended December 31 is presented below:

	Risk Management					
	2015		2014			
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ (18)	\$	(7)			
Total Gains (Losses)	18		(19)			
Purchases and Settlements:						
Purchases	-		-			
Settlements	16		8			
Transfers in and out of Level 3	-		-			
Balance, End of Year	\$ 16	\$	(18)			
Change in unrealized gains (losses) related to						
assets and liabilities held at end of year	\$ 24	\$	(13)			

Quantitative information about unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements is presented below:

			As at	As at
			December 31,	December 31,
	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2015	2014
	Discounted	Forward prices		
Risk Management - Power	Cash Flow	(\$/Megawatt Hour)	\$34.50 - \$40.25	\$40.70 - \$48.50
•	Option	Implied		
Risk Management - WTI Three-Way Options	Model	Volatility	33% - 64%	-

A 10 percent increase or decrease in estimated forward power prices would cause a corresponding \$4 million (2014 - \$5 million) increase or decrease to net risk management assets and liabilities. A 10 percent increase or decrease in implied volatility for the WTI three-way options would cause a corresponding \$2 million increase or decrease to net risk management assets and liabilities (2014 - nil).

21. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

A) Financial Instruments

Encana's financial assets and liabilities are recognized in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, cash in reserve, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, risk management assets and liabilities, other liabilities and provisions and long-term debt.

B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities

Risk management assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative financial instruments and are measured at fair value. See Note 20 for a discussion of fair value measurements.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

21. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Unrealized Risk Management Position	A:	s at		As at
	December	r 31 ,	Dece	ember 31,
		2015		2014
Risk Management Assets				
Current	\$	367	\$	707
Long-term		11		65
		378		772
Risk Management Liabilities				
Current		16		20
Long-term		9		7
		25		27
Other Derivative Liabilities				
Current in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6		-
Long-term in other liabilities and provisions		23		-
Net Risk Management Assets and Other Derivative Liabilities	\$	324	\$	745

Commodity Price Positions as at December 31, 2015

	Notional Volumes	Term	Average Price	 Fair Value
Natural Gas Contracts				
Fixed Price Contracts				
NYMEX Fixed Price	370 MMcf/d	2016	2.82 US\$/Mcf	\$ 43
NYMEX Three-Way Options	25 MMcf/d	2016		5
Sold call price			3.43 US\$/Mcf	
Bought put price			3.21 US\$/Mcf	
Sold put price			2.72 US\$/Mcf	
NYMEX Costless Collars	335 MMcf/d	2016		(15)
Sold call price			2.46 US\$/Mcf	
Bought put price			2.22 US\$/Mcf	
Basis Contracts (1)		2016-2018		15
Other Financial Positions				1
Natural Gas Fair Value Position				49
Crude Oil Contracts				
Fixed Price Contracts				
WTI Fixed Price	49.0 Mbbls/d	2016	58.51 US\$/bbl	303
WTI Three-Way Options	18.3 Mbbls/d	2016		37
Sold call price			63.03 US\$/bbl	
Bought put price			55.00 US\$/bbl	
Sold put price			47.24 US\$/bbl	
Basis Contracts (2)		2016-2017		(15)
Crude Oil Fair Value Position				325
Power Purchase Contracts and Other Derivat	ive Contracts			
Fair Value Position				(50)
Total Fair Value Position				\$ 324

⁽¹⁾ Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening natural gas price differentials between benchmark and regional sales prices. These basis swaps are priced using differentials determined as a percentage of NYMEX.

⁽²⁾ Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening Midland differentials to WTI. These basis swaps are priced using fixed price differentials.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

21. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Earnings Impact of Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management Positions

	Realized Gain (Loss)								
	T	hree Mon	ths Ended		Twelve Months Ended				
		Decem	ber 31,		December 31,				
		2015	20	14	2015		2014		
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	291	\$ 1	26	\$ 917	\$	(84)		
Transportation and Processing		(4)		(2)	(16)	_	(7)		
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$	287	\$ 1	24	\$ 901	\$	(91)		

	Unrealized Gain (Loss)								
	Three Months Ended				Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31,				December 31,				
		2015	2014		2015	2014			
Revenues, Net of Royalties Transportation and Processing	\$	(88) (2)	\$ 500 (11)		(325) (6)	\$ 456 (12			
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$	(90)	\$ 489	\$	(331)	\$ 444			

Reconciliation of Unrealized Risk Management Positions from January 1 to December 31

	20	15	I	2014
			Total	Total
			Unrealized	Unrealized
	Fair Value	(Gain (Loss)	Gain (Loss)
Fair Value of Contracts, Beginning of Year	\$ 745			
Change in Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Beginning of Year				
and Contracts Entered into During the Year	570	\$	570	\$ 353
Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment on Canadian Dollar Contracts	2			
Settlement of Athlon Crude Oil Contracts from Business Combination	(63)			
Fair Value of Other Derivative Contracts Entered into During the Year	(29)			
Fair Value of Contracts Realized During the Year	(901)		(901)	91
Fair Value of Contracts, End of Year	\$ 324	\$	(331)	\$ 444

C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company is exposed to financial risks including market risks (such as commodity prices, foreign exchange and interest rates), credit risk and liquidity risk. Future cash flows may fluctuate due to movement in market prices and the exposure to credit and liquidity risks.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk arises from the effect fluctuations in future commodity prices may have on future cash flows. To partially mitigate exposure to commodity price risk, the Company has entered into various derivative financial instruments. The use of these derivative instruments is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board of Directors. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Natural Gas - To partially mitigate natural gas commodity price risk, the Company uses contracts such as NYMEX-based fixed price contracts, NYMEX-based options and costless collars. Encana also enters into basis swaps to manage against widening price differentials between various production areas and various sales points.

Crude Oil - To partially mitigate crude oil commodity price risk, the Company uses contracts such as WTI-based fixed price contracts and WTI-based options. Encana also enters into basis swaps to manage against widening price differentials between various production areas and various sales points.

Power - The Company has entered into Canadian dollar denominated derivative contracts to manage its electricity consumption costs.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

21. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Commodity Price Risk (continued)

The table below summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of the Company's risk management positions to fluctuations in commodity prices, with all other variables held constant. The Company has used a 10 percent variability to assess the potential impact of commodity price changes. Fluctuations in commodity prices could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) impacting pre-tax net earnings for the twelve months ended December 31 as follows:

		20	15			20	14	14	
	10	% Price	10	0% Price		10% Price	10% Price		
	lr	ncrease	D	ecrease	Increase		[Decrease	
Natural Gas Price	\$	(57)	\$	56	\$	(105)	\$	105	
Crude Oil Price		(83)		81		(22)		22	
Power Price		4		(4)		5		(5)	

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. This credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of Board-approved credit policies governing the Company's credit portfolio including credit practices that limit transactions according to counterparties' credit quality. Mitigation strategies may include master netting arrangements, requesting collateral and/or transacting credit derivatives. The Company executes commodity derivative financial instruments under master agreements that have netting provisions that provide for offsetting payables against receivables. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had no significant credit derivatives in place and no significant collateral balances were posted or received.

As at December 31, 2015, cash equivalents include high-grade, short-term securities, placed primarily with financial institutions and companies with strong investment grade ratings. Any foreign currency agreements entered into are with major financial institutions in Canada and the U.S. or with counterparties having investment grade credit ratings.

A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. As at December 31, 2015, approximately 95 percent (2014 - 94 percent) of Encana's accounts receivable and financial derivative credit exposures were with investment grade counterparties.

As at December 31, 2015, Encana had two counterparties (2014 - three counterparties) whose net settlement position individually accounted for more than 10 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts by counterparty. As at December 31, 2015, these counterparties accounted for 13 percent and 11 percent (2014 - 16 percent, 16 percent and 15 percent) of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts.

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, Encana entered into agreements resulting from divestitures, which may require Encana to fulfill certain payment obligations on the take or pay volume commitments assumed by the purchaser. The circumstances that would require Encana to perform under the agreement includes events where the purchaser fails to make payment to the guaranteed party and/or the purchaser is subject to an insolvency event. The agreements have remaining terms from five to nine years with a fair value of \$29 million as at December 31, 2015. The maximum potential amount of undiscounted future payments is \$472 million as at December 31, 2015, and is considered unlikely.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the potential that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting a demand to fund its financial liabilities as they come due. The Company manages liquidity risk using cash and debt management programs.

The Company has access to cash equivalents and a range of funding alternatives at competitive rates through committed revolving bank credit facilities and debt and equity capital markets. As at December 31, 2015, the Company had committed revolving bank credit facilities totaling \$4.5 billion which included \$3.0 billion on a revolving bank credit facility for Encana and \$1.5 billion on a revolving bank credit facility for a U.S. subsidiary, the latter of which remained unused. Of the \$3.0 billion revolving bank credit facility, \$210 million of LIBOR loans were drawn, \$440 million fully supported the U.S. Commercial Paper Program and \$2,350 million remained unused. The facilities remain committed through July 2020

Encana also has accessible capacity under a shelf prospectus for up to \$4.9 billion, or the equivalent in foreign currencies, the availability of which is dependent on market conditions, to issue debt and/or equity securities in Canada and/or the U.S. The shelf prospectus expires in July 2016.

The Company believes it has sufficient funding through the use of these facilities to meet foreseeable borrowing requirements.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

21. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Liquidity Risk (continued)

The Company minimizes its liquidity risk by managing its capital structure. The Company's capital structure consists of shareholders' equity plus long-term debt, including the current portion. The Company's objectives when managing its capital structure are to maintain financial flexibility to preserve Encana's access to capital markets and its ability to meet financial obligations and to finance internally generated growth as well as potential acquisitions. To manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust capital spending, adjust dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, issue new debt or repay existing debt.

The timing of expected cash outflows relating to financial liabilities is outlined in the table below:

	Le	ess Than							
		1 Year	1 -	- 3 Years	4 - 5 Years	6 -	9 Years	Thereafter	Total
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,311	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,311
Risk Management Liabilities		16		9	-		-	-	25
Long-Term Debt (1)		306		611	1,701		1,587	6,151	10,356
Other Liabilities and Provisions		-		17	2		-	4	23

⁽¹⁾ Principal and interest.

Included in Encana's long-term debt obligations of \$10,356 million at December 31, 2015 are \$650 million in principal obligations related to U.S. Commercial Paper and LIBOR loans. These amounts are fully supported and Management expects they will continue to be supported by credit facilities that have no repayment requirements within the next year and are fully revolving for up to five years. Based on the current maturity dates of the credit facilities, these amounts are included in cash outflows for the period disclosed as 4 - 5 Years. Further information on Long-Term Debt is contained in Note 10.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. As Encana operates primarily in North America, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars can have a significant effect on the Company's reported results. Encana's financial results are consolidated in Canadian dollars; however, the Company reports its results in U.S. dollars as most of its revenue is closely tied to the U.S. dollar and to facilitate a more direct comparison to other North American oil and gas companies. As the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations are embedded in the Company's results, the total effect of foreign exchange fluctuations is not separately identifiable.

As at December 31, 2015, Encana had \$5.4 billion in U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada that was subject to foreign exchange exposure. As at December 31, 2014, Encana had \$6.7 billion in debt that was subject to foreign exchange exposure and \$0.6 billion that was not subject to foreign exchange exposure. To mitigate the exposure to the fluctuating U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate, Encana may enter into foreign exchange derivatives. There were no foreign exchange derivatives outstanding as at December 31, 2015.

Encana's foreign exchange (gain) loss primarily includes foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation and settlement of U.S. dollar denominated debt issued from Canada, unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar denominated risk management assets and liabilities held in Canada, foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation and settlement of foreign denominated intercompany balances and foreign exchange gains and losses on U.S. dollar denominated cash and short-term investments held in Canada. A \$0.01 change in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate would have resulted in a \$39 million change in foreign exchange (gain) loss as at December 31, 2015 (2014 - \$61 million).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows from the Company's financial assets or liabilities. The Company partially mitigates its exposure to interest rate changes by holding a mix of both fixed and floating rate debt and may also enter into interest rate derivatives to partially mitigate effects of fluctuations in market interest rates. There were no interest rate derivatives outstanding as at December 31, 2015.

As at December 31, 2015, the Company had floating rate debt of \$650 million (2014 - \$1,277 million). Accordingly, the sensitivity in net earnings for each one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt was \$5 million (2014 - \$10 million).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

22. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

The following table outlines the Company's commitments as at December 31, 2015:

Expected Future Payments 2016 2020 Total (undiscounted) 2017 2019 Thereafter 2018 \$ Transportation and Processing 693 \$ 679 \$ 685 \$ 588 \$ 491 \$ 2,507 5,643 Drilling and Field Services 164 106 59 29 17 1 376 **Operating Leases** 30 24 23 11 3 19 110 Total \$ 887 809 767 628 \$ 511 2,527 6,129

Included within transportation and processing in the table above are certain commitments associated with midstream service agreements with VMLP as described in Note 16. Divestiture transactions can reduce certain commitments disclosed above.

Contingencies

Encana is involved in various legal claims and actions arising in the course of the Company's operations. Although the outcome of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect these matters to have a material adverse effect on Encana's financial position, cash flows or results of operations. If an unfavourable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the Company's consolidated net earnings or loss in the period in which the outcome is determined. Accruals for litigation and claims are recognized if the Company determines that the loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company believes it has made adequate provision for such legal claims.