

Encana Corporation

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP) (unaudited)

For the period ended March 31, 2018

(Prepared in U.S. Dollars)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended		
			h 31,	
(US\$ millions, except per share amounts)		2018	₽-	2017 (1)
Revenues	(Notes 3, 4)			
Product and service revenues		\$ 1,260	\$	934
Gains (losses) on risk management, net	(Note 19)	36		338
Sublease revenues		17		17
Total Revenues		1,313		1,289
Operating Expenses	(Note 3)			
Production, mineral and other taxes		29		29
Transportation and processing	(Note 19)	249		212
Operating	(Notes 16, 17)	111		132
Purchased product		273		171
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		275		187
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 12)	8		11
Administrative	(Notes 16, 17)	31		58
Total Operating Expenses		976	L_	800
Operating Income (Loss)		337		489
Other (Income) Expenses				
Interest	(Note 5)	92		88
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(Notes 6, 19)	91		(26)
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net		(3)		1
Other (gains) losses, net	(Note 17)	(3)		(8)
Total Other (Income) Expenses		177		55
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax		160		434
Income tax expense (recovery)	(Note 7)	9		3
Net Earnings (Loss)		\$ 151	\$	431
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share				
Basic & Diluted	(Note 13)	\$ 0.16	\$	0.44
Dividends Declared per Common Share	(Note 13)	\$ 0.015	\$	0.015
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (millions)				
Basic & Diluted	(Note 13)	971.5		973.0

⁽¹⁾ Corporate interest income of \$8 million previously reported in revenues and operating income (loss) in Q1 2017 has been reclassified to other (gains) losses, net. The remaining Q1 2017 revenues have been realigned to conform with the current year presentation.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
(US\$ millions)	201	3	2017		
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$ 15	1 \$	431		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax					
Foreign currency translation adjustment (Note 14,	2	1	(16)		
Pension and other post-employment benefit plans (Notes 14, 17,	(2	1)	(1)		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	2	3	(17)		
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ 17-	\$	414		

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited)

			As at		As at
			March 31,	De	cember 31,
(US\$ millions)			2018	_	2017
Assets					
Current Assets		ф	422	ф	710
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	433	\$	719
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues			731		774
Risk management	(Notes 18, 19)		226		205
Income tax receivable			562		573
Property, Plant and Equipment, at cost:	(Note 0)		1,952		2,271
	(Note 9)				
Oil and natural gas properties, based on full cost accounting			40.500		40.220
Proved properties			40,508		40,228
Unproved properties			4,301		4,480
Other Draw to advantage of a series and a			2,241		2,302
Property, plant and equipment			47,050		47,010
Less: Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	(27 2)		(37,933)		(38,056)
Property, plant and equipment, net	(Note 3)		9,117		8,954
Other Assets			139		144
Risk Management	(Notes 18, 19)		290		246
Deferred Income Taxes			1,021		1,043
Goodwill	(Note 3)	Φ.	2,591		2,609
	(Note 3)	\$	15,110	\$	15,267
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	1,432	\$	1,415
Income tax payable			3	·	7
Risk management	(Notes 18, 19)		250		236
			1,685		1,658
Long-Term Debt	(Note 10)		4,198		4,197
Other Liabilities and Provisions	(Note 11)		1,958		2,167
Risk Management	(Notes 18, 19)		17		13
Asset Retirement Obligation	(Note 12)		443		470
Deferred Income Taxes	(****** 12)		33		34
			8,334		8,539
Commitments and Contingencies	(Note 21)				,
Shareholders' Equity	. ,				
Share capital - authorized unlimited common shares					
2018 issued and outstanding: 963.1 million shares (2017: 973.1 million shares)	(Note 13)		4,707		4,757
Paid in surplus	(1,358		1,358
Accumulated deficit			(354)		(429)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(Note 14)		1,065		1,042
Total Shareholders' Equity	(6,776		6,728
		\$	15,110	\$	15,267

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

					Accumulated Other	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (US\$ mill	ions)	Share Capital	Paid in Surplus	Accumulated Deficit	Comprehensive Income	Shareholders' Equity
The Month Ended Miles 31, 2010 (CS\$ IIII	.0115)	Cupitai	Surprus	<u> </u>		Equity
Balance, December 31, 2017		\$ 4,757	\$ 1,358	\$ (429)	\$ 1,042	\$ 6,728
Net Earnings (Loss)		-	-	151	-	151
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 13)	-	-	(15)	-	(15)
Common Shares Purchased under Normal Course Issuer Bid	(Note 13)	(50)	-	(61)	-	(111)
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(Note 13)	-	-		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(Note 14)	-		-	23	23
Balance, March 31, 2018		\$ 4,707	\$ 1,358	\$ (354)	\$ 1,065	\$ 6,776

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 (US\$ millio	ons)	Share Capital		Paid in Surplus		Accumulated Deficit		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	4,756	\$	1,358	\$	(1,198)	\$	1,210	\$	6,126
Net Earnings (Loss)	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	431	Ψ	-	Ψ	431
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 13)	-		-		(15)		-		(15)
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(Note 13)	-		-		-		-		-
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(Note 14)	-		-		-		(17)		(17)
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$	4,756	\$	1,358	\$	(782)	\$	1,193	\$	6,525

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			
		Marc	h 31,	
(US\$ millions)	_	2018		2017
Operating Activities				
Net earnings (loss)	\$	151	\$	431
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		275		187
Accretion of asset retirement obligation (Note	12)	8		11
Deferred income taxes (No	te 7)	6		42
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management (Note	19)	(68)		(362)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss (No	te 6)	150		(36)
Foreign exchange on settlements (No	te 6)	(50)		2
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net		(3)		1
Other		(69)		2
Net change in other assets and liabilities		(11)		(12)
Net change in non-cash working capital (Note	20)	(8)		(160)
Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities		381		106
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures (No	te 3)	(508)		(399)
Acquisitions (No	te 8)	(2)		(46)
Proceeds from divestitures (No	te 8)	19		3
Net change in investments and other		(25)		55
Cash From (Used in) Investing Activities		(516)		(387)
Financing Activities				
Purchase of common shares (Note	13)	(111)		-
Dividends on common shares (Note	13)	(15)		(15)
Capital lease payments and other financing arrangements (Note	:11)	(22)		(16)
Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities		(148)		(31)
Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Cash and Cash				
Equivalents Held in Foreign Currency		(3)		1
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(286)		(311)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		719		834
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$	433	\$	523
Cash, End of Period	\$	39	\$	45
Cash Equivalents, End of Period		394		478
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$	433	\$	523

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

1. Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Encana is in the business of the exploration for, the development of, and the production and marketing of oil, NGLs and natural gas.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Encana and entities in which it holds a controlling interest. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Undivided interests in oil and natural gas exploration and production joint ventures and partnerships are consolidated on a proportionate basis. Investments in non-controlled entities over which Encana has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP and the rules and regulations of the SEC. Pursuant to these rules and regulations, certain information and disclosures normally required under U.S. GAAP have been condensed or have been disclosed on an annual basis only. Accordingly, the interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2017, which are included in Item 8 of Encana's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, except as noted below in Note 2. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements.

These unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect, in the opinion of Management, all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of the Company as at and for the periods presented. Interim condensed consolidated financial results are not necessarily indicative of consolidated financial results expected for the fiscal year.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Changes in Accounting Policies and Practices

On January 1, 2018, Encana adopted the following ASUs issued by the FASB, which have not had a material impact on the Company's interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" under Topic 606. The new standard replaces Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition" as well as other industry-specific guidance within the Accounting Standards Codification. Topic 606 is based on the principle that revenue is recognized on the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The standard has been applied using the modified retrospective approach and did not have a material impact on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, other than enhancing disclosures related to the disaggregation of revenues from contracts with customers and performance obligations. The disclosures required under Topic 606 are included in Note 4, Revenues from Contracts with Customers.
- ASU 2017-07, "Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost". The amendment requires the service cost component to be presented with the related employee compensation costs, while the other components of net benefit costs are required to be presented separately from the service cost component and outside the subtotal of income from operations. In addition, the amendment allows only the service cost to be eligible for capitalization. The amendment has been applied retrospectively for the presentation of net periodic pension costs and net periodic postretirement benefit cost, whereas prospective adoption has been applied to the capitalization of the service cost component.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

New Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted

As of January 1, 2019, Encana will be required to adopt ASU 2016-02, "Leases" under Topic 842, which will replace Topic 840 "Leases". The new standard will require lessees to recognize right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities for all leases, including leases classified as operating leases, on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The dual classification model was retained for the purpose of subsequent measurement and presentation of leases in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Topic 842 also expands disclosures related to the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The standard will be applied using a modified retrospective approach, in addition Encana intends to elect certain practical expedients which will allow the Company to retain the classification of leases assessed under Topic 840 which commenced prior to adoption.

In January 2018, FASB issued ASU 2018-01, "Land Easement Practical Expedient for Transition to Topic 842", which permits entities to elect an optional transition practical expedient for land easements that were not previously accounted for as leases under Topic 840. The expedient provides prospective application of Topic 842 to all new or modified land easements upon adoption of the new standard. Encana intends to elect this transitional practical expedient.

Encana continues to review and analyze contracts, identify its portfolio of leased assets, gather the necessary terms and data elements, as well as identify the processes and controls required to support the accounting for leases and related disclosures. The Company is in the early stages of implementing a lease software system which will facilitate the measurement and required disclosures for operating leases. The Company anticipates the software implementation to be complete by the end of 2018. Although Encana is not able to reasonably estimate the financial impact of Topic 842 at this time, the Company anticipates there will be a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements resulting from the recognition of assets and liabilities from operating lease activities.

As of January 1, 2019, Encana will be required to adopt ASU 2018-02 "Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income". The amendments allow for a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("U.S. Tax Reform"). Amendments can be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period in which the effect of the rate change from the U.S. Tax Reform is recognized. While Encana has other post-employment benefit plans which were affected by the U.S. Tax Reform, the impact is not material to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. As a result, the Company does not intend to take the election provided in the amendment.

As of January 1, 2020, Encana will be required to adopt ASU 2017-04, "Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment". The amendment eliminates the second step of the goodwill impairment test which requires the Company to measure the impairment based on the excess amount of the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill over the implied fair value of its goodwill. Under this amendment, the goodwill impairment will be measured based on the excess amount of the reporting unit's carrying value over its respective fair value. The amendment will be applied prospectively at the date of adoption. Encana is currently in the early stages of reviewing the amendment, but does not expect the amendment to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

3. Segmented Information

Encana's reportable segments are determined based on the Company's operations and geographic locations as follows:

- Canadian Operations includes the exploration for, development of, and production of oil, NGLs and natural gas and
 other related activities within the Canadian cost centre.
- USA Operations includes the exploration for, development of, and production of oil, NGLs and natural gas and other
 related activities within the U.S. cost centre.
- Market Optimization is primarily responsible for the sale of the Company's proprietary production. These results are reported in the Canadian and USA Operations. Market optimization activities include third party purchases and sales of product to provide operational flexibility and cost mitigation for transportation commitments, product type, delivery points and customer diversification. These activities are reflected in the Market Optimization segment. Market Optimization sells substantially all of the Company's upstream production to third party customers. Transactions between segments are based on market values and are eliminated on consolidation.

Corporate and Other mainly includes unrealized gains or losses recorded on derivative financial instruments. Once the instruments are settled, the realized gains and losses are recorded in the reporting segment to which the derivative instruments relate. Corporate and Other also includes amounts related to sublease rentals.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Results of Operations (For the three months ended March 31)

Segment and Geographic Information

	Canadian	Operations	USA O	perations	Market Optimization		
	2018	2017 (1)	2018	2017 (1)	2018	2017 (1)	
Revenues							
Product and service revenues	\$ 404	\$ 301	\$ 555	\$ 447	\$ 301	\$ 186	
Gains (losses) on risk management, net	12	(21)	(44)	(3)	-	-	
Sublease revenues	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Revenues	416	280	511	444	301	186	
Operating Expenses							
Production, mineral and other taxes	4	5	25	24	-	-	
Transportation and processing	190	132	27	59	32	21	
Operating	29	31	74	87	4	9	
Purchased product	-	-	-	_	273	171	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	77	64	185	106	-		
Total Operating Expenses	300	232	311	276	309	201	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 116	\$ 48	\$ 200	\$ 168	\$ (8)	\$ (15)	

	Corporat	e & Other	Conso	lidated
	2018	2017 (1)	2018	2017 (1
Revenues				
Product and service revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,260	\$ 934
Gains (losses) on risk management, net	68	362	36	338
Sublease revenues	17	17	17	17
Total Revenues	85	379	1,313	1,289
Operating Expenses				
Production, mineral and other taxes	-	-	29	29
Transportation and processing	-	-	249	212
Operating	4	5	111	132
Purchased product		_	273	17
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	13	17	275	187
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	8	11	8	11
Administrative	31	58	31	58
Total Operating Expenses	56	91	976	800
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 29	\$ 288	337	489
Other (Income) Expenses				
Interest			92	88
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net			91	(26
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net			(3)	1
Other (gains) losses, net			(3)	3)
Total Other (Income) Expenses			177	55
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax			160	434
Income tax expense (recovery)			9	3
Net Earnings (Loss)			\$ 151	\$ 431

⁽¹⁾ Corporate interest income of \$8 million previously reported in revenues and operating income (loss) in Q1 2017 has been reclassified to other (gains) losses, net. The remaining Q1 2017 revenues have been realigned to conform with the current year presentation.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Intersegment Information

		Market Optimization										
	1	Marketing Sales				Upstream E	Eliminations	Total				
For the three months ended March 31,		2018		2017		2018	2017	2018	2017			
Revenues	\$	1,331	\$	956	\$	(1,030)	\$ (770)	\$ 301	\$ 186			
Operating Expenses												
Transportation and processing		106		64		(74)	(43)	32	21			
Operating		4		9		-	-	4	9			
Purchased product		1,229		898		(956)	(727)	273	171			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(8)	\$	(15)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (8)	\$ (15)			

Capital Expenditures

 Three Months Ended March 31,

 March 31,
 2018
 2017

 Canadian Operations
 \$ 168
 \$ 88

 USA Operations
 338
 311

 Corporate & Other
 2

 \$ 508
 \$ 399

Goodwill, Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets by Segment

	Goo	dwill	I	Property, Plant	and Equipment	Total Assets			
	A	s at		A	s at	As at			
	March 31,	December 31,		March 31,	December 31,	31,	March 31,	December 31,	
	2018	2017		2018	2017		2018	2017	
Canadian Operations	\$ 678	\$ 696	\$	920	\$ 862	\$	1,923	\$ 1,908	
USA Operations	1,913	1,913		6,710	6,555		9,432	9,301	
Market Optimization	-	-		1	2		151	152	
Corporate & Other	-	-		1,486	1,535		3,604	3,906	
	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,609	\$	9,117	\$ 8,954	\$	15,110	\$ 15,267	

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

4. Revenues from Contracts with Customers

The table below summarizes the Company's revenues from contracts with customers and other sources of revenues. Encana presents realized and unrealized gains and losses on certain derivative contracts within revenues.

	Canadian	Operations	USA O	perations	Market Op	timization
For the three months ended March 31,	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues from Customers						
Product revenues (1)						
Oil	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 473	\$ 301	\$ 22	\$ 37
NGLs	180	95	52	40	2	12
Natural gas	221	203	32	107	273	127
Service revenues						
Gathering and processing	2	4	-	6	-	
Product and Service Revenues	406	304	557	454	297	176
Other Revenues						
Gains (losses) on risk management, net (2)	12	(21)	(44)	(3)	-	-
Sublease revenues	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Revenues	12	(21)	(44)	(3)	-	
Total Revenues	\$ 418	\$ 283	\$ 513	\$ 451	\$ 297	\$ 176

	Corporat	e & Other	Con	soli	dated
	2018	2017 (3)	201	8	2017 (3)
Revenues from Customers					
Product revenues (1)					
Oil	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49	8	\$ 340
NGLs	-	-	23	4	147
Natural gas	-	-	52	6	437
Service revenues					
Gathering and processing	-	-		2	10
Product and Service Revenues	-	-	1,26	0	934
Other Revenues					
Gains (losses) on risk management, net (2)	68	362	3	6	338
Sublease revenues	17	17	1	7	17
Other Revenues	85	379	5	3	355
Total Revenues	\$ 85	\$ 379	\$ 1,31	3	\$ 1,289

⁽¹⁾ Includes revenues from production and revenues of product purchased from third parties, but excludes intercompany marketing fees transacted between the Company's operating segments.

The Company's revenues from contracts with customers consists of product sales including oil, NGLs and natural gas, as well as the provision of gathering and processing services to third parties. Encana had no contract asset or liability balances during the periods presented. As at March 31, 2018, receivables and accrued revenues from contracts with customers were \$658 million (\$676 million as at December 31, 2017).

Performance obligations arising from product sales contracts are typically satisfied at a point in time when the product is delivered to the customer and control is transferred. Payment from the customer is due when the product is delivered to the custody point. The Company's product sales are sold under short-term contracts with terms that are less than one year at either fixed or market index prices or under long-term contracts exceeding one year at market index prices.

⁽²⁾ Canadian and USA Operations includes realized gains/(losses) on risk management. Corporate & Other includes unrealized gains/(losses) on risk management.

⁽³⁾ Corporate interest income of \$8 million previously reported in revenues in Q1 2017 has been reclassified to other (gains) losses, net.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

As at March 31, 2018, all remaining performance obligations are priced at market index prices or are variable volume delivery contracts. As such, the variable consideration is allocated entirely to the wholly unsatisfied performance obligation or promise to deliver units of production, and revenue is recognized at the amount for which the Company has the right to invoice the product delivered.

Performance obligations arising from arrangements to gather and process natural gas on behalf of third parties are typically satisfied over time as the service is provided to the customer. Payment from the customer is due when the customer receives the benefit of the service and the product is delivered to the custody point or plant tailgate. The Company's gathering and processing services are provided on an interruptible basis with transaction prices that are for fixed prices and/or variable consideration. Variable consideration received is related to recovery of plant operating costs or escalation of the fixed price based on a consumer price index. As the service contracts are interruptible, with service provided on an "as available" basis, there are no unsatisfied performance obligations remaining at March 31, 2018.

5. Interest

	,	Three Months Ended		
		March 31,		
		2018		
Interest Expense on:				
Debt	\$	66	\$	66
The Bow office building		16		16
Capital leases		5		5
Other		5		1
	\$	92	\$	88

6. Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss, Net

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	Ma			
	2018	3	2017	
Unrealized Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss on:				
Translation of U.S. dollar financing debt issued from Canada	\$ 122	2 \$	(33)	
Translation of U.S. dollar risk management contracts issued from Canada	9	•	(4)	
Translation of intercompany notes	19)	1	
	150		(36)	
Foreign Exchange on Settlements of:				
U.S. dollar risk management contracts issued from Canada	(7	()	(1)	
Intercompany notes	(50))	2	
Other Monetary Revaluations	(2	3)	9	
	\$ 93	1 \$	(26)	

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

7. Income Taxes

	Three Mo	nths Ended
	Marc	ch 31,
	2018	2017
Current Tax		
Canada	-	\$ (42)
United States	1	-
Other Countries	2	3
Total Current Tax Expense (Recovery)	3	(39)
Deferred Tax		
Canada	(3)	18
United States	4	15
Other Countries	5	9
Total Deferred Tax Expense (Recovery)	6	42
Income Tax Expense (Recovery)	\$ 9	\$ 3
Effective Tax Rate	5.6%	0.7%

Encana's interim income tax expense is determined using an estimated annual effective income tax rate applied to year-to-date net earnings before income tax plus the effect of legislative changes and amounts in respect of prior periods. The estimated annual effective income tax rate is impacted by expected annual earnings, income tax related to foreign operations, the effect of legislative changes including U.S. Tax Reform, non-taxable capital gains and losses, tax differences on divestitures and transactions, and partnership tax allocations in excess of funding.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the current income tax recovery was primarily due to the successful resolution of certain tax items previously assessed by the taxing authorities relating to prior taxation years.

The effective tax rates of 5.6 percent and 0.7 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, respectively, are lower than the Canadian statutory rate of 27 percent primarily due to the impact of the foreign jurisdictional tax rates relative to the Canadian statutory tax rate applied to jurisdictional earnings as well as the items discussed above.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, there was no change to the provisional tax adjustment recognized in 2017 resulting from the re-measurement of the Company's tax position due to a reduction of the U.S. federal corporate tax rate under U.S. Tax Reform. The provisional amount recognized may change due to additional regulatory guidance that may be issued, and from additional analysis or changes in interpretation and assumptions of the U.S. Tax Reform made by the Company.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

8. Acquisitions and Divestitures

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2018	T		
Acquisitions				
Canadian Operations	\$ 2	\$ 3		
USA Operations		1		
Total Acquisitions	2	4		
Divestitures				
Canadian Operations	(13	(
USA Operations	(6			
Total Divestitures	(19	(
Net Acquisitions & (Divestitures)	\$ (17) \$ 4		

Acquisitions

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, acquisitions in the Canadian and USA Operations were \$2 million (2017 - \$31 million) and nil (2017 - \$15 million), respectively, which primarily included land purchases with oil and liquids rich potential.

Divestitures

For the three months ended March 31, 2018, divestitures in the Canadian and USA Operations were \$13 million (2017 - \$3 million) and \$6 million (2017 - nil), respectively, which primarily included the sale of certain properties that did not complement Encana's existing portfolio of assets.

Amounts received from the Company's divestiture transactions have been deducted from the respective Canadian and U.S. full cost pools.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

9. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

		As at March 31, 2018 Accumulated			As	As at December 31, 2017 Accumulated			
		Cost	DD&A	Net	Cost	DD&A	Net		
Canadian Operations									
Proved properties	\$	14,366 \$	(13,743) \$	623	\$ 14,555	\$ (14,047) \$	508		
Unproved properties		262	-	262	311	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	311		
Other		35	-	35	43	-	43		
		14,663	(13,743)	920	14,909	(14,047)	862		
USA Operations									
Proved properties		26,081	(23,426)	2,655	25,610	(23,240)	2,370		
Unproved properties		4,039	-	4,039	4,169	-	4,169		
Other		16	-	16	16	-	16		
		30,136	(23,426)	6,710	29,795	(23,240)	6,555		
Market Optimization		7	(6)	1	7	(5)	2		
Corporate & Other		2,244	(758)	1,486	2,299	(764)	1,535		
	\$	47,050 \$	(37,933) \$	9,117	\$ 47,010	\$ (38,056) \$	8,954		

Canadian and USA Operations property, plant and equipment include internal costs directly related to exploration, development and construction activities of \$39 million, which have been capitalized during the three months ended March 31, 2018 (2017 - \$54 million). Included in Corporate and Other are \$61 million (\$63 million as at December 31, 2017) of international property costs, which have been fully impaired.

Capital Lease Arrangements

The Company has several lease arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases including an office building and an offshore production platform.

As at March 31, 2018, the total carrying value of assets under capital lease was \$45 million (\$46 million as at December 31, 2017), net of accumulated amortization of \$672 million (\$684 million as at December 31, 2017). Liabilities for the capital lease arrangements are included in other liabilities and provisions in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are disclosed in Note 11.

Other Arrangement

As at March 31, 2018, Corporate and Other property, plant and equipment and total assets include a carrying value of \$1,216 million (\$1,255 million as at December 31, 2017) related to The Bow office building, which is under a 25-year lease agreement. The Bow asset is being depreciated over the 60-year estimated life of the building. At the conclusion of the 25-year term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized as disclosed in Note 11.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

10. Long-Term Debt

			1
		As at	As at
	1	March 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
U.S. Dollar Denominated Debt			
U.S. Unsecured Notes:			
6.50% due May 15, 2019	\$	500	\$ 500
3.90% due November 15, 2021		600	600
8.125% due September 15, 2030		300	300
7.20% due November 1, 2031		350	350
7.375% due November 1, 2031		500	500
6.50% due August 15, 2034		750	750
6.625% due August 15, 2037		462	462
6.50% due February 1, 2038		505	505
5.15% due November 15, 2041		244	244
Total Principal		4,211	4,211
Increase in Value of Debt Acquired		25	26
Unamortized Debt Discounts and Issuance Costs		(38)	(40)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		-	-
	\$	4,198	\$ 4,197

As at March 31, 2018, total long-term debt had a carrying value of \$4,198 million and a fair value of \$4,909 million (as at December 31, 2017 - carrying value of \$4,197 million and a fair value of \$5,042 million). The estimated fair value of long-term borrowings is categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and has been determined based on market information of long-term debt with similar terms and maturity, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end.

11. Other Liabilities and Provisions

		As at	As at
		March 31,	December 31,
		2018	2017
The Bow Office Building	\$	1,304	\$ 1,344
Capital Lease Obligations	Ψ	275	295
Unrecognized Tax Benefits		197	202
Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits		116	116
Long-Term Incentive Costs (See Note 16)		32	175
Other Derivative Contracts (See Notes 18, 19)		13	14
Other		21	21
	\$	1,958	\$ 2,167

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

The Bow Office Building

As described in Note 9, Encana has recognized the accumulated costs for The Bow office building, which is under a 25-year lease agreement. At the conclusion of the lease term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized. Encana has also subleased approximately 50 percent of The Bow office space under the lease agreement. The total expected future principal and interest payments related to the 25-year lease agreement and the total undiscounted future amounts expected to be recovered from the sublease are outlined below.

		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Expected Future Lease Payments	\$	55 \$	75 \$	75 \$	76 \$	76 \$	1.260	\$ 1,617
Less: Amounts Representing Interest	Ψ	47	63	61	61	60	781	1,073
Present Value of Expected Future								
Lease Payments	\$	8 \$	12 \$	14 \$	15 \$	16 \$	479	\$ 544
Sublease Recoveries (undiscounted)	\$	(27) \$	(37) \$	(37) \$	(37) \$	(38) \$	(619)	\$ (795)

Capital Lease Obligations

As described in Note 9, the Company has several lease arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases including an office building and the Deep Panuke offshore Production Field Centre ("PFC"). Variable interests related to the PFC are described in Note 15.

The total expected future lease payments related to the Company's capital lease obligations are outlined below.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Expected Future Lease Payments	\$ 75 \$	99 \$	99 \$	87 \$	8 \$	38	\$ 406
Less: Amounts Representing Interest	15	15	10	4	2	5	51
Present Value of Expected Future Lease Payments	\$ 60 \$	84 \$	89 \$	83 \$	6 \$	33	\$ 355

12. Asset Retirement Obligation

	As at	As at
	March 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
Asset Retirement Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$ 514	\$ 687
Liabilities Incurred and Acquired	5	11
Liabilities Settled and Divested	(4)	(333)
Change in Estimated Future Cash Outflows	-	88
Accretion Expense	8	37
Foreign Currency Translation	(11)	24
Asset Retirement Obligation, End of Period	\$ 512	\$ 514
Current Portion	\$ 69	\$ 44
Long-Term Portion	443	470
	\$ 512	\$ 514

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

13. Share Capital

Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par value common shares and Class A Preferred Shares limited to a number equal to not more than 20 percent of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the time of issuance. No Class A Preferred Shares are outstanding.

Issued and Outstanding

	As at	As at			
	March 31,	2018	Decembe	2017	
	Number		Number		
	(millions)	Amount	(millions)		Amount
Common Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Year	973.1 \$	4,757	973.0	\$	4,756
Common Shares Purchased	(10.0)	(50)	-		-
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	-	-	0.1		1
Common Shares Outstanding, End of Period	963.1 \$	4,707	973.1	\$	4,757

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, Encana issued 23,023 common shares totaling \$0.3 million under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP"). During the twelve months ended December 31, 2017, Encana issued 58,480 common shares totaling \$0.6 million under the DRIP.

Dividends

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, Encana paid dividends of \$0.015 per common share totaling \$15 million (2017 - \$0.015 per common share totaling \$15 million). For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the dividends paid included \$0.3 million in common shares issued in lieu of cash dividends under the DRIP (2017 - \$0.2 million).

On April 30, 2018, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.015 per common share payable on June 29, 2018 to common shareholders of record as of June 15, 2018.

Normal Course Issuer Bid

On February 26, 2018, the Company announced it received approval from the TSX to purchase, for cancellation, up to 35 million common shares pursuant to a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") over a 12-month period from February 28, 2018 to February 27, 2019. The Company has authorization from its Board to spend up to \$400 million on the NCIB.

All purchases are made in accordance with the NCIB at prevailing market prices plus brokerage fees, with consideration allocated to share capital up to the average carrying amount of the shares, and any excess is allocated to retained earnings/accumulated deficit.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company purchased 10 million common shares for total consideration of approximately \$111 million. Of the amount paid, \$50 million was charged to share capital and \$61 million was charged to accumulated deficit.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Earnings Per Common Share

The following table presents the computation of net earnings (loss) per common share:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended			
	Mar	March 31,			
(US\$ millions, except per share amounts)	2018		2017		
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$ 151	\$	431		
Number of Common Shares:					
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic	971.5		973.0		
Effect of dilutive securities			-		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted	971.5		973.0		
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share Basic & Diluted	\$ 0.16	l e	0.44		
Dasic & Diluted	φ 0.10	φ	0.44		

Encana Stock Option Plan

Encana has share-based compensation plans that allow employees to purchase common shares of the Company. Option exercise prices are not less than the market value of the common shares on the date the options are granted. All options outstanding as at March 31, 2018 have associated Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights ("TSARs") attached. In lieu of exercising the option, the associated TSARs give the option holder the right to receive a cash payment equal to the excess of the market price of Encana's common shares at the time of the exercise over the original grant price.

In addition, certain stock options granted are performance-based whereby vesting is also subject to Encana attaining prescribed performance relative to predetermined key measures. Historically, most holders of options with TSARs have elected to exercise their stock options as a Stock Appreciation Right ("SAR") in exchange for a cash payment. As a result, outstanding TSARs are not considered potentially dilutive securities.

Encana Restricted Share Units ("RSUs")

Encana has a share-based compensation plan whereby eligible employees and Directors are granted RSUs. An RSU is a conditional grant to receive the equivalent of an Encana common share upon vesting of the RSUs and in accordance with the terms of the RSU Plan and Grant Agreement. The Company currently settles vested RSUs in cash. As a result, RSUs are not considered potentially dilutive securities.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

14. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

		Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2018		2017		
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment						
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	1,029	\$	1,200		
Change in Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		24		(16)		
Balance, End of Period	\$	1,053	\$	1,184		
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans						
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	13	\$	10		
Reclassification of Net Actuarial (Gains) and Losses to Net Earnings (See Note 17)		(1)		(1)		
Income Taxes		-		<u> </u>		
Balance, End of Period	\$	12	\$	9		
Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	\$	1,065	\$	1,193		

15. Variable Interest Entities

Production Field Centre

In 2008, Encana entered into a contract for the design, construction and operation of the PFC at its Deep Panuke facility. Upon commencement of operations in December 2013, Encana recognized the PFC as a capital lease asset. Under the lease contract, Encana has a purchase option and the option to extend the lease for 12 one-year terms at fixed prices after the initial lease term expires in 2021.

As a result of the purchase option and fixed price renewal options, Encana has determined it holds variable interests and that the related leasing entity qualifies as a variable interest entity ("VIE"). Encana is not the primary beneficiary of the VIE as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. Encana is not required to provide any financial support or guarantees to the leasing entity or its affiliates, other than the contractual payments under the lease and operating agreements. Encana's maximum exposure is the expected lease payments over the initial contract term. As at March 31, 2018, Encana had a capital lease obligation of \$296 million (\$314 million as at December 31, 2017) related to the PFC.

Veresen Midstream Limited Partnership

Veresen Midstream Limited Partnership ("VMLP") provides gathering, compression and processing services under various agreements related to the Company's development of liquids and natural gas production in the Montney play. As at March 31, 2018, VMLP provides approximately 1,110 MMcf/d of natural gas gathering and compression and 600 MMcf/d of natural gas processing under long-term service agreements with remaining terms ranging from up to 13 to 27 years and have various renewal terms providing up to a potential maximum of 10 years.

Encana has determined that VMLP is a VIE and that Encana holds variable interests in VMLP. Encana is not the primary beneficiary as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact VMLP's economic performance. These key activities relate to the construction, operation, maintenance and marketing of the assets owned by VMLP. The variable interests arise from certain terms under the various long-term service agreements and include: i) a take or pay for volumes in certain agreements; ii) an operating fee of which a portion can be converted into a fixed fee once VMLP assumes operatorship of certain assets; and iii) a potential payout of minimum costs in certain agreements. The potential payout of minimum costs will be assessed in the eighth year of the assets' service period and is based on whether there is an overall shortfall of total system cash flows from natural gas gathered and compressed under certain agreements.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

The potential payout amount can be reduced in the event VMLP markets unutilized capacity to third party users. Encana is not required to provide any financial support or guarantees to VMLP.

As a result of Encana's involvement with VMLP, the maximum total exposure, which represents the potential exposure to Encana in the event the assets under the agreements are deemed worthless, is estimated to be \$2,390 million as at March 31, 2018. The estimate comprises the take or pay volume commitments and the potential payout of minimum costs. The take or pay volume commitments associated with certain gathering and processing assets are included in Note 21 under Transportation and Processing. The potential payout requirement is highly uncertain as the amount is contingent on future production estimates, pace of development and the amount of capacity contracted to third parties. As at March 31, 2018, there were no accounts payable and accrued liabilities outstanding related to the take or pay commitment.

16. Compensation Plans

Encana has a number of compensation arrangements under which the Company awards various types of long-term incentive grants to eligible employees and Directors. They may include TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, Performance Share Units ("PSUs"), Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") and RSUs. These compensation arrangements are share-based.

Encana accounts for TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, PSUs and RSUs held by employees as cash-settled share-based payment transactions and, accordingly, accrues compensation costs over the vesting period based on the fair value of the rights determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton and other fair value models.

The following weighted average assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the share units held by employees:

	As at March	31, 2018	As at March 3	31, 2017
	US\$ Share Units	US\$ Share Units	C\$ Share Units	
Risk Free Interest Rate	1.79%	1.79%	0.74%	0.74%
Dividend Yield	0.55%	0.54%	0.51%	0.51%
Expected Volatility Rate (1)	58.46%	54.78%	58.12%	54.02%
Expected Term	2.0 yrs	2.1 yrs	1.9 yrs	1.9 yrs
Market Share Price	US\$11.00	C\$14.17	US\$11.71	C\$15.58

⁽¹⁾ Volatility was estimated using historical rates.

The Company has recognized the following share-based compensation costs:

	Three Mo	(27) \$ 9 (18) \$ (6) \$		
	Mai	ch 31,	,	
	2018		2017	
Total Compensation Costs of Transactions Classified as Cash-Settled	\$ (27	\$	34	
Less: Total Share-Based Compensation Costs Capitalized	9		(11)	
Total Share-Based Compensation Expense (Recovery)	\$ (18) \$	23	
Recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings in:				
Operating	\$ (6	\$	8	
Administrative	(12)	15	
	\$ (18) \$	23	

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

As at March 31, 2018, the liability for share-based payment transactions totaled \$217 million (\$327 million as at December 31, 2017), of which \$185 million (\$152 million as at December 31, 2017) is recognized in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and \$32 million (\$175 million as at December 31, 2017) is recognized in other liabilities and provisions in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

	As at	As at
	March 31,	December 31,
	2018	2017
Liability for Cash-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions:		
Unvested	\$ 167	\$ 274
Vested	50	53
	\$ 217	\$ 327

The following units were granted primarily in conjunction with the Company's February annual long-term incentive award. The TSARs, SARs, PSUs and RSUs were granted at the volume-weighted average trading price of Encana's common shares for the five days prior to the grant date.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 (thousands of units)							
TSARs	872						
SARs	359						
PSUs	2,503						
DSUs	31						
RSUs	5,238						

17. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Company has recognized total benefit plans expense which includes pension benefits and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") for the three months ended March 31 as follows:

	 Pension Benefits			OPEB			Total				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Net Defined Periodic Benefit Cost	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2
Defined Contribution Plan Expense	6		6		-		-		6		6
Total Benefit Plans Expense	\$ 6	\$	6	\$	2	\$	2	\$	8	\$	8

Of the total benefit plans expense, \$6 million (2017 - \$6 million) was included in operating expense and \$2 million (2017 - \$2 million) was included in administrative expense.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

The net defined periodic benefit cost for the three months ended March 31 is as follows:

	Defined Benefits			OPEB				Total			
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018	2017	
Service Cost	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2 5	\$ 2	
Interest Cost	2		2		1		1		3	3	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(2)		(2)		-		-		(2)	(2)	
Amounts Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:											
Amortization of net actuarial (gains) and losses	-		-		(1)		(1)		(1)	(1)	
Total Net Defined Periodic Benefit Cost (1)	\$	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2	\$	2 5	\$ 2	

⁽¹⁾ The components of total net defined periodic benefit cost, excluding the service cost component, are included in other (gains) losses, net.

18. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

Recurring fair value measurements are performed for risk management assets and liabilities and other derivative contracts, as discussed further in Note 19. These items are carried at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are classified within the three levels of the fair value hierarchy in the following tables. There have been no significant transfers between the hierarchy levels during the period.

Fair value changes and settlements for amounts related to risk management assets and liabilities are recognized in revenues, transportation and processing expense, and foreign exchange gains and losses according to their purpose.

	Level 1						
	Quoted	Level 2	Level 3				
	Prices in	Other	Significant				
	Active	Observable	Unobservable	Total Fair			Carrying
As at March 31, 2018	Markets	Inputs	Inputs	Value	Netting (1)	_	Amount
Risk Management Assets							
Commodity Derivatives:							
Current assets	\$ -	\$ 267	\$ -	\$ 267	\$ (53)	\$	214
Long-term assets	-	298	-	298	(8)		290
Foreign Currency Derivatives:							
Current assets	-	12	-	12	-		12
Risk Management Liabilities							
Commodity Derivatives:							
Current liabilities	\$ -	\$ 241	\$ 62	\$ 303	\$ (53)	\$	250
Long-term liabilities	-	25	-	25	(8)		17
Other Derivative Contracts							
Current in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$	5
Long-term in other liabilities and provisions	-	13	-	13	-		13

⁽¹⁾ Netting to offset derivative assets and liabilities where the legal right and intention to offset exists, or where counterparty master netting arrangements contain provisions for net settlement.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

As at December 31, 2017	Level 1 Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Level 2 Other Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Inputs	Total Fair Value	Netting (1)	 Carrying Amount
Risk Management Assets						
Commodity Derivatives:						
Current assets	\$ -	\$ 189	\$ -	\$ 189	\$ (15)	\$ 174
Long-term assets	-	248	-	248	(2)	246
Foreign Currency Derivatives:						
Current assets	-	31	-	31	-	31
Risk Management Liabilities						
Commodity Derivatives:						
Current liabilities	\$ 3	\$ 196	\$ 51	\$ 250	\$ (15)	\$ 235
Long-term liabilities	-	15	-	15	(2)	13
Foreign Currency Derivatives:						
Current liabilities	-	1	-	1	-	1
Other Derivative Contracts						
Current in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 5
Long-term in other liabilities and provisions	-	14	-	14	-	14

⁽¹⁾ Netting to offset derivative assets and liabilities where the legal right and intention to offset exists, or where counterparty master netting arrangements contain provisions for net settlement.

The Company's Level 1 and Level 2 risk management assets and liabilities consist of commodity fixed price contracts, fixed price swaptions, NYMEX call options, foreign currency swaps and basis swaps with terms to 2023. Level 2 also includes financial guarantee contracts as discussed in Note 19. The fair values of these contracts are based on a market approach and are estimated using inputs which are either directly or indirectly observable at the reporting date, such as exchange and other published prices, broker quotes and observable trading activity.

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

As at March 31, 2018, the Company's Level 3 risk management assets and liabilities consist of WTI three-way options and WTI costless collars with terms to 2018. The WTI three-way options are a combination of a sold call, bought put and a sold put. The WTI costless collars are a combination of a sold call and a bought put. These contracts allow the Company to participate in the upside of commodity prices to the ceiling of the call option and provide the Company with complete (collars) or partial (three-way) downside price protection through the put options. The fair values of the WTI three-way options and WTI costless collars are based on the income approach and are modelled using observable and unobservable inputs such as implied volatility. The unobservable inputs are obtained from third parties whenever possible and reviewed by the Company for reasonableness.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

A summary of changes in Level 3 fair value measurements for the three months ended March 31 is presented below:

	Risk Man	nt	
	2018		2017
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ (51)	\$	(36)
Total Gains (Losses)	6		41
Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settlements:			
Purchases, sales and issuances	-		-
Settlements	(17)		-
Transfers Out of Level 3 (1)	-		-
Balance, End of Period	\$ (62)	\$	5
Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) Related to			
Assets and Liabilities Held at End of Period	\$ (24)	\$	40

⁽¹⁾ The Company's policy is to recognize transfers out of Level 3 on the date of the event of change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Quantitative information about unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements is presented below:

			As at	As at
			March 31,	December 31,
	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2018	2017
Risk Management - WTI Options	Option Model	Implied Volatility	24% - 83%	17% - 76%

A 10 percent increase or decrease in implied volatility for the WTI options would cause a corresponding \$1 million (\$2 million as at December 31, 2017) increase or decrease to net risk management assets and liabilities.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

19. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

A) Financial Instruments

Encana's financial assets and liabilities are recognized in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, risk management assets and liabilities, long-term debt and other liabilities and provisions.

B) Risk Management Activities

Encana uses derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to cash flow variability from commodity prices and fluctuating foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not apply hedge accounting to any of its derivative financial instruments. As a result, gains and losses from changes in the fair value are recognized in net earnings.

Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk arises from the effect that fluctuations in future commodity prices may have on future cash flows. To partially mitigate exposure to commodity price risk, the Company has entered into various derivative financial instruments. The use of these derivative instruments is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board of Directors. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Crude Oil and NGLs - To partially mitigate crude oil and NGL commodity price risk, the Company uses WTI-based contracts such as fixed price contracts, fixed price swaptions, options and costless collars. Encana has also entered into basis swaps to manage against widening price differentials between various production areas and benchmark price points.

Natural Gas - To partially mitigate natural gas commodity price risk, the Company uses NYMEX-based contracts such as fixed price contracts, fixed price swaptions and options. Encana has also entered into basis swaps to manage against widening price differentials between various production areas and benchmark price points.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign currency exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. To partially mitigate the effect of foreign exchange fluctuations on future commodity revenues and expenses, the Company may enter into foreign currency derivative contracts. As at March 31, 2018, Encana has entered into \$538 million notional U.S. dollar denominated currency swaps at an average exchange rate of US\$0.7606 to C\$1, which mature monthly through the remainder of 2018.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Risk Management Positions as at March 31, 2018

9	Notional Volumes	Term	Average Price	Fair Value
Crude Oil and NGL Contracts			US\$/bbl	
Fixed Price Contracts				
WTI Fixed Price	94.3 Mbbls/d	2018	55.53	\$ (194)
WTI Fixed Price	15.0 Mbbls/d	2019	58.30	(2)
WTI Fixed Price Swaptions (1)	24.0 Mbbls/d	Q1 - Q2 2019	63.13	(16)
WTI Three-Way Options				
Sold call / bought put / sold put	16.0 Mbbls/d	2018	54.49 / 47.17 / 36.88	(42)
WTI Costless Collars				
Sold call / bought put	10.0 Mbbls/d	2018	57.08 / 45.00	(20)
Basis Contracts (2)		2018 - 2020		26
Crude Oil and NGLs Fair Value Position				(248)
Natural Gas Contracts			US\$/Mcf	
Fixed Price Contracts				
NYMEX Fixed Price	1,007 MMcf/d	2018	3.02	52
NYMEX Fixed Price Swaptions (3)	300 MMcf/d	Q1 - Q2 2019	2.99	(9)
NYMEX Call Options				
Sold call price	230 MMcf/d	2018	3.75	(1)
Sold call price	64 MMcf/d	2019	3.75	(4)
Sold call price	166 MMcf/d	2020	3.25	(1)
Basis Contracts (4)		2018		130
		2019		136
		2020		99
		2021 - 2023		86
Premiums Received on Unexpired Options				(3)
Natural Gas Fair Value Position				485
Other Derivative Contracts				(40)
Fair Value Position				(18)
Foreign Currency Contracts				
Fair Value Position (5)		2018		12
Total Fair Value Position				\$ 231

⁽¹⁾ WTI Fixed Price Swaptions give the counterparty the option to extend certain Q3 - Q4 2018 Fixed Price swaps to Q1- Q2 2019.

⁽²⁾ Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening Midland, Magellan East Houston, Louisiana Light Sweet and Edmonton Condensate differentials to WTI.

⁽³⁾ NYMEX Fixed Price Swaptions give the counterparty the option to extend certain Q3 - Q4 2018 Fixed Price swaps to Q1- Q2 2019.

⁽⁴⁾ Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening AECO, Dawn, Malin and Waha basis to NYMEX.

⁽⁵⁾ Encana has entered into U.S. dollar denominated fixed-for-floating average currency swaps to protect against fluctuations between the Canadian and U.S. dollars.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Earnings Impact of Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management Positions

	Three I	Three Months Ended			
	N	March 31,			
	20	18	2017		
Realized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management					
Commodity and Other Derivatives:					
Revenues (1)	\$ (32) \$	(24)		
Transportation and processing		-	(4)		
Foreign Currency Derivatives:					
Foreign exchange		7	1		
	\$ (:	25) \$	(27)		
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management					
Commodity and Other Derivatives:					
Revenues (2)	\$	68 \$	362		
Foreign Currency Derivatives:					
Foreign exchange	((8)	2		
	\$	50 \$	364		
Total Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management, net					
Commodity and Other Derivatives:					
Revenues (1)(2)	\$	36 \$	338		
Transportation and processing		-	(4)		
Foreign Currency Derivatives:					
Foreign exchange	(11)	3		
	\$	25 \$	337		

⁽¹⁾ Includes a realized gain of \$1 million (2017 - gain of \$2 million) related to other derivative contracts.

Reconciliation of Unrealized Risk Management Positions from January 1 to March 31

	2018					2017
		Fair Value		Total Unrealized Gain (Loss)		Total Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Fair Value of Contracts, Beginning of Year Change in Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Beginning of Year	\$	183				
and Contracts Entered into During the Period		25	\$	25	\$	337
Settlement of Other Derivative Contracts		1				
Fair Value of Contracts Realized During the Period		25		25		27
Fair Value of Contracts Outstanding	\$	234	\$	50	\$	364
Premiums Received on Unexpired Options		(3)				
Fair Value of Contracts and Premiums Received, End of Period	\$	231				

Risk management assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative financial instruments and are measured at fair value. See Note 18 for a discussion of fair value measurements.

⁽²⁾ Includes an unrealized gain of nil (2017 - nil) related to other derivative contracts.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

Unrealized Risk Management Positions

	As a	ıt	As at
	March 3	1,	December 31,
	201	8	2017
Risk Management Assets			
Current	\$ 22	6	\$ 205
Long-term	29	0	246
	51	6	451
Risk Management Liabilities			
Current	25	0	236
Long-term	1	7	13
	26	7	249
Other Derivative Contracts			
Current in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5	5
Long-term in other liabilities and provisions	1	3	14
Net Risk Management Assets (Liabilities) and Other Derivative Contracts	\$ 23	1	\$ 183

C) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. While exchange-traded contracts are subject to nominal credit risk due to the financial safeguards established by the New York Stock Exchange and the TSX, over-the-counter traded contracts expose Encana to counterparty credit risk. This credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of credit policies approved by the Board of Directors governing the Company's credit portfolio including credit practices that limit transactions according to counterparties' credit quality. Mitigation strategies may include master netting arrangements, requesting collateral and/or transacting credit derivatives. The Company executes commodity derivative financial instruments under master agreements that have netting provisions that provide for offsetting payables against receivables. As a result of netting provisions, the Company's maximum exposure to loss under derivative financial instruments due to credit risk is limited to the net amounts due from the counterparties under the derivative contracts, as disclosed in Note 18. As at March 31, 2018, the Company had no significant credit derivatives in place and held no collateral.

As at March 31, 2018, cash equivalents include high-grade, short-term securities, placed primarily with financial institutions and companies with strong investment grade ratings. Any foreign currency agreements entered into are with major financial institutions that have investment grade credit ratings.

A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. As at March 31, 2018, approximately 93 percent (92 percent as at December 31, 2017) of Encana's accounts receivable and financial derivative credit exposures were with investment grade counterparties.

As at March 31, 2018, Encana had two counterparties whose net settlement position individually accounted for more than 10 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts by counterparty. As at March 31, 2018, these counterparties accounted for 53 percent and 11 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts. As at December 31, 2017, Encana had three counterparties whose net settlement position accounted for 56 percent, 11 percent and 11 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts.

During 2015 and 2017, Encana entered into agreements resulting from divestitures, which may require Encana to fulfill certain payment obligations on the take or pay volume commitments assumed by the purchasers. The circumstances that would require Encana to perform under the agreements include events where a purchaser fails to make payment to the guaranteed party and/or a purchaser is subject to an insolvency event. The agreements have remaining terms from three to six years with a fair value recognized of \$18 million as at March 31, 2018 (\$19 million as at December 31, 2017). The maximum potential amount of undiscounted future payments is \$317 million as at March 31, 2018, and is considered unlikely.

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

20. Supplementary Information

Supplemental disclosures to the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows are presented below:

A) Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31,		
	2018		2017
Operating Activities			
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues	\$	(2) \$	70
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(7)	(134)
Income tax receivable and payable		1	(96)
	\$	(8) \$	(160)

B) Non-Cash Activities

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended		
	Mar	March 31,		
	2018	2018		
Non-Cash Investing Activities				
Asset retirement obligation incurred (See Note 12)	\$	\$	3	
Property, plant and equipment accruals	9		44	
Capitalized long-term incentives	(30	6)	11	
Property additions/dispositions (swaps)	49	•	6	
Non-Cash Financing Activities				
Common shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan (See Note 13)	\$	- \$	-	

(All amounts in US\$ millions, unless otherwise specified)

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

The following table outlines the Company's commitments as at March 31, 2018:

(undiscounted)			Expected F	uture Payments			
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Thereafter	Total
Transportation and Processing	\$ 446 \$	692 \$	663 \$	579 \$	551 \$	2,458	\$ 5,389
Drilling and Field Services	165	46	24	9	-	-	244
Operating Leases	13	16	16	15	15	46	121
Total	\$ 624 \$	754 \$	703 \$	603 \$	566 \$	2,504	\$ 5,754

Included within transportation and processing in the table above are certain commitments associated with midstream service agreements with VMLP as described in Note 15. Divestiture transactions can reduce certain commitments disclosed above.

Contingencies

Encana is involved in various legal claims and actions arising in the normal course of the Company's operations. Although the outcome of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect these matters to have a material adverse effect on Encana's financial position, cash flows or results of operations. Management's assessment of these matters may change in the future as certain of these matters are in early stages or are subject to a number of uncertainties. For material matters that the Company believes an unfavourable outcome is reasonably possible, the Company discloses the nature and a range of potential exposures. If an unfavourable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material impact on the Company's consolidated net earnings or loss for the period in which the effect becomes reasonably estimable. The Company accrues for such items when a liability is both probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Such accruals are based on the Company's information known about the matters, estimates of the outcomes of such matters and experience in handling similar matters.